The McKean Co. Miner.

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space.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	2 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch.	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	$3.00	$4.00	$5.00	$8.00	$12.00
2 inch's	2.00	2.50	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00
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McKean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. $1.50 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and promptly executed at the

MINER JOB ROOMS.

The office is supplied with Power Presses and a large assortment of Type, and every appliance necessary for the prompt execution of

POSTERS, HANDBILLS,
VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BILL HEADS,
CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES,
LETTER HEADS, STATEMENTS, ETC.

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AGENCY OF THE
KEATING LANDS.
situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.
Smethport, Pa.

JOHN C. BACKUS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.
Office—Up-stairs in Sartwell Block, on Main Street.

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Attorney & Counselor, Notary Public,
KENDALL CREEK, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.
OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,
Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

S. W. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

P. R. COTTER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
All business intrusted to his care will receive immediate attention. Particular attention to collections.

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Attorney at Law,
Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner.
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BRADFORD, McKEAN CO., PA.

O. A. HOTCHKISS,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Parker & Mcleish's store,
MAIN STREET, BRADFORD, PA.

R. B. STONE,
Attorney at Law.
Office with Maj. Brooks, over Pemberton's Store,
BRADFORD, PA.

PHYSICIANS.

S. D. FREEMAN,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.,
Will promptly attend to all calls in the profession.

H. L. McCOY,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.,
Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,
Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,
15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA
Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanScoy,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession. Office in Van Scoy building, corner of Corydon and Mechanic Streets.

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PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
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Will attend to all calls in his profession.
OFFICE IN HIS STORE.

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RETAIL DEALER IN
WINES & LIQUORS,
OLEAN, N. Y.
Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.
Quantities less than five (5) gallons carefully boxed and shipped.

ALFRED STURDEVANT
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his new quarters,
In the Bennett House.
HE IS PREPARED TO DO
SHAVING and HAIR DRESSING
In the Highest Style, and at the Lowest Price
A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
COLLARS, CUFFS,
And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

W. S. BROWNELL,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits
Store Opposite Baptist Church,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Patronage is respectfully solicited.

BENNETT HOUSE,
Opposite the Court House,
SMETHPORT, PA.
WM. HASKILL, Proprietor.
This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best STEAM and best furnished Hotel in northern Pennsylvania.
☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.
B. F. WRIGHT, - - Proprietor.
First-Class in Every Respect.
This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked bar will be kept. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

BRADFORD HOUSE,
M. DOLAN, Proprietor,
Cor. MAIN AND MECHANIC STREETS,
Bradford, McKean County, Pa.

OLEAN HOUSE,
OLEAN, N. Y.
GEO. VAN CAMPEN & SONS, Props.
Centrally located, east side Main Street. First-class Livery, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms attached.
GEO. VAN CAMPEN, JAS. K. VAN CAMPEN, GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Jr.

BONNEY'S
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Terrace, near Main St.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.
P. E. STONE, Clerk,
Late Proprietor of the Ocean House.

LARRABEE HOUSE,
Larrabee, Pa.
R. LARRABEE, Proprietor.
Located but a few steps from the McKean & Buffalo, and the E., N. Y. & Philadelphia depots.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
Port Allegany, Pa.
S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.
The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Re-fitted in the Latest Style for the Convenience of Guests.

CABINET SHOP,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT.
WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.
PAINTING & GRAINING.
The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner, and at reasonable rates.
Graining by a New and Cheap Process:
I make a Specialty of Graining, by a new process by which I can do it at an expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way.
CARL MEEK.

J. C. HAMLIN,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE,
RANGES, STOVES,
Shelf Furniture, Tinware,
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
And every article to be found in a first-class Hardware Establishment.
JOB WORK of all kinds done at short notice by good workmen.
Cor. Main and Church Streets,
SMETHPORT, PA.

The Yorkshire (England) *Chronicle* gives an account of an extraordinary feat that it supposes a bird has performed, which is no less than crossing the Atlantic, without even the customary New Bedford dory. A blue pigeon with red legs lighted on a steam tug about eight miles from Seaham Harbor, England. Attached to its leg was a piece of paper signed: "Wm. Stoker, Quebec. Sent up at 12:15 o'clock." William neglects to mention the date he sent up the pigeon.

The Sewers.

All seed is in the sower's hands.
Ten thousand sowed thyme in the land
Twelve bushels on their way;
Ten thousand seeds in every hand
Of every sort had they.
They cast seed here, they cast seed there,
They cast seed everywhere.

The land a forest straightway grew,
With pine and every kind
And kindly fruits and poisonous too,
In their due season every one.
For trees grew here, and trees grew there,
And trees grew everywhere.

Anon, as many a year went by,
Those sowers came once more,
And wandered 'neath the leaf-hid sky,
And wondered at the store;
For fruit hung here, and fruit hung there,
And fruit hung everywhere.

[illegible] plucked there,
None could their right deny;
And some ate to their long delight,
And some ate but to die;
While some plucked here, and some plucked there,
And some planted everywhere.

Now knew they the [illegible]
The trees that were their own;
Yet as they plucked as each one should,
Each plucked what he had sown.
So do man here, so do men there,
So do men everywhere.

The Young Wife's Lesson.

"Indeed, Charley, I don't think you ought to expect it of me!"

Clara Arden stood coloring, and evidently annoyed, in the midst of her pretty little drawing-room, while her husband leaned against one of the puffed damask chairs, pulling unconsciously at his long beard.

"It won't be much, Clara," said he. "Fenwick is too sensible a fellow to expect any great performance from so young a housekeeper as you are."

"That's all nonsense!" said Mrs. Arden.

"Yes; but Clara, darling"——

"There's no use wasting any further argument on the question," said Clara, setting her lips together. "When you invited him to dinner without consulting me, you made a very great mistake."

"But what am I to do? I've asked him, and there is no alternative!"

"Yes, there is. Do as other gentlemen do, and invite him to the restaurant—that is, if you must keep this headlong engagement!"

"But I never did such a thing in my life before!" said perplexed Charley.

"And I hope you never will again!" retorted Mrs. Arden, with some acerbity. "That is, so far as inviting people without any sort of forethought goes!"

The color rose to Charles Arden's cheek.

"Clara," said he, "if you had asked a dozen people here, my only thought would be how best to welcome them."

"You are not a housekeeper," said Clara, coldly. "With a sick cook, and everything in disorder."

"Pshaw!" said Mr. Arden, as he went out, closing the door behind him, with more emphasis than was absolutely necessary.

"Men are so selfish, so inconsiderate!" she said to herself. "As if I would brave the criticism of Oscar Fenwick, who has dined at Parisian restaurants, and knows half a dozen aristocratic families, where they keep men-cooks, and butlers, and regular dining-room servants. It's quite out of the question, and so Charles may as well understand first as last. If Bridget hadn't been ill with the intermittent fever, I might, perhaps, have tried to get up a dainty little dinner, but as it is, no one but a man would expect it of me."

So Mrs. Arden adjusted her pretty, shining braids of brown hair in the glass, and nestled down in the corner of the sofa, to forget the wearisome trials and vicissitudes of real life in the pages of the morning papers.

It was late in the afternoon when a visitor was announced, with rather startling abruptness, by the red-armed maid-of-all-work, who was trying to supply the vacant place of the disabled Bridget, according to the best of her ability.

"Please, mem, it's Mr. Manley."

Clara started up, half ashamed of being caught in her morning robe so late in the day.

"If it was any one but you, Mrs. Marley," said she, laughing and blushing, "I should apologize for my shortcomings. As it is, you are just in time to take off your things and stay to dinner with us. I am [illegible] society will be a real charity."

"Why, where is your husband?" asked the visitor, in surprise.

"*Dining out.*"

"Where?"

"I don't know. The fact is, he met an old college friend this morning, and in a burst of inconsiderate hospitality—so like a man, you know—invited him to dinner. Of course, I refused to ratify the invitation. What could I do, with Bridget ill in bed? So I told him he must take his friend to a restaurant, or some such place. He assented with rather a bad grace, I must confess, so here I am, alive."

Mrs. Marley was a pretty, fair-complexioned lady, with hair as white as snow. One of those gentle, delightful, motherly sort of persons, who are invaluable to their friends. She shook her head as she listened to Mrs. Arden's story.

"Don't you think I did right, Clara asked, impulsively. "Just consider how I am situated!"

"It would have been some trouble and responsibility," said Mrs. Marley, "to superintend the preparation of such a meal as you would like to set your husband's guest to sit down to; but I think I should have advised you to try."

"But why?"

"In the first place, as a compliment to your husband."

Clara shrugged her shoulders.

"We are old married people now," said she. "Only think, it is nearly three years since our wedding day—and all this sentimental billing and cooing is worn out."

"Real sentiment between husband and wife should never wear out," said Mrs. Marley, mildly. "Depend upon it, my love, your husband will appreciate any delicate little attention now quite as much as in the days of your engaged life. But this is not all. Let me tell you a little experience of my own. I had a brother once—a very dear brother. He died of delirium tremens."

"Oh, Mrs. Marley!" Clara Arden placed a sympathetic hand in that of her friend, for she saw that the pretty old lady had grown pale, and trembled.

"Yes, my dear," went on Mrs. Marley. "He had a gay, pretty, young wife, who disliked the cares of housekeeping—and it was an understood thing between them that any gentleman guests whom it fell Clement's lot to entertain should be taken to some hotel or restaurant. Well, my dear, you know how it was. The wine flowed freely—there was no feminine presence to restrain the false idea of good-fellowship. Clement acquired the fatal habit of indiscriminate drinking, and the upshot of it all was, that he filled a drunkard's grave. Perhaps I was uncharitable, but I have always thought that had his wife made her home agreeable to her husband and his guests, things might have ended differently."

"But, Mrs. Marley," cried Clara, much shocked, "this is quite a different thing!"

"I do not say that it is not, Clara. I only want to warn you against the rock on which my poor sister-in-law's life was wrecked. Of what use is all our sad and hardly-won experience, if not to caution others a little?"

Clara was silent for a minute or two, and when she spoke again, it was on quite a different topic. Mrs. Marley stayed and dined with her off the cold joint and simple salad, and went home at about eight o'clock.

And then came the long, lonely evening, during which Clara sat by the window, waiting and listening for every sound, nervously impatient for her husband's return.

"Of course, he is not the sort of man to drink too much," she told herself, over and over again; "but—but I am almost sorry I was so obstinate about not asking Mr. Fenwick to dinner. It would not have been so very much trouble, after all, and I think Charley was vexed about it."

Nine o'clock struck—then ten—then eleven—and Clara sprang up and began pacing the room in her nervousness.

"I wish he would come!" she cried, wringing her hands. "I wish he would come!"

Just then there arose a disturbance in the street; and [illegible] at all hazards to escape from her own harrowing thoughts, Clara threw open the window and thrust out her head.

There was a little crowd at the corner of the street, and she could distinctly hear the jeering voices of some of the little street Arabs crying out: "It's only a drunken man! Hallo, mister, you'll find your hat in the gutter! Can't you tell where you live? Go and ask an officer."

Clara's head turned cold as ice. Could it be possible? Was this poor, staggering creature, whose uncertain step afforded amusement to a mob of boys, her noble husband? Had he so far forgotten himself and her? And if so, at whose door lay the fault?

Nearer and nearer came the little crowd. Clara drew in her head, and closed the window. She could not bear to have the dreadful probability confirmed. She stopped her ears; she buried her face in the pillows of the sofa.

"Why, Clara, little wife, what's the matter?"

It was Charley's voice—not the maudlin accents of semi-intoxication, but the full, deep tones of the man she felt she could yet honor, as well as love and obey. She looked up with a little hysterical laugh.

"Oh, Charley, I was frightened! A drunken man in the street, you know"—

"Yes, I passed him. A policeman has just walked him off to the station-house. So you were frightened, eh?"

Clara's face was radiant as she turned up the low jet of gas.

"I am so glad you have come, Charley," said she. "I have had a great many compunctions of conscience this afternoon, because I didn't ask Mr. Fenwick welcome to the best I had in the house, instead of sending you off to a restaurant."

"We went to Lemonde's," said Charley. "The dinner was stylish enough, but nothing better than you could have given us at home."

"And, Charley," added Clara, softly, "the next time you invite a friend to dine with you, you may be certain that my welcome will be ready."

"That's my own dear little Clara," said Charley. And the hearty satisfaction in his face was a reward for any sacrifice she might be called upon to make.

"A fellow likes to feel, you know, when he meets an old chum, that he has a home to ask him to, and a wife that will meet him with a smile."

"But I am sorry about Mr. Fenwick."

"Never mind. He will be in town again one of these days, and then we'll show him what a home-made dinner is—eh, Clara?"

And Clara's smile answered him.

She had had her lesson. She was not likely to forget it.

The land tortoise has two enemies—man and the boa constrictor. The natural defence of the tortoise is to draw himself up in his shell, and remain quiet. In this state [illegible] can do nothing with him. The shell is too strong for his jaws or paws. Man, however, takes him home and bakes him, and the boa constrictor swallows him shell and all.

FARMS, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Improvement in Butter Making.

Below we give the process of Mr. Edward Burnett, of Southboro, Mass., from the *American Cultivator*, which says it has proved a complete success in the writer's dairy management, enabling him to average one pound of butter from seventeen pounds of the milk of his whole herd, a decided improvement over any method previously tried by him, and a remarkable advance over the requisite amount of milk required in Massachusetts, Vermont and New York to produce the average pound of butter, which is fully twenty-five pounds.

Our cotemporary understands that Mr. Burnett, the originator, claims no patent on this system. In relation to the process, it says:

The arrangement consists of a number of tin pails eight inches in diameter and twenty inches in depth, holding eighteen quarts each, which are set in a sink or basin, holding ten pails, more or less. The basin is provided with round holes, exactly corresponding in diameter with the tin pails; twelve inches in length of the latter project below the bottom of the basin and eight inches remain above, the top being covered with an ice chamber, holding, say 200 pounds of ice, the amount consumed daily at Mr. Bennett's. This ice chamber is mounted on a little track, so that it may be easily moved back and forth, and, when properly rested in place, locked by spring clamps, making the sink chamber nearly air tight. The ice melts into the basin but not into the milk, while the temperature of the water remains at forty-five to fifty degrees F. The natural temperature of the milk when poured into the pails is ninety-two to ninety-six degrees F. The size of the chamber is two and one-half by five feet; the sink, in this case holding ten pails, is capable of handling 360 quarts of milk in twenty-four hours, since the cream rises and is removed every ten hours.

The whole theory, which is one of great simplicity, and will suggest itself to the practical mind at once, is that the effect of reducing the temperature of the upper part of the pail, and its contents forty-five degrees below that of the lower end of the pail and the natural heat of the milk, is to induce a rapid circulation among all the component parts of the fluid, on the same principle that prevails in the boiling of water; heated particles arise and their place is filled by those of a lower temperature. During this rapidly increased circulation, every particle of cream is soon brought near the top, and since its specific gravity is lighter than that of the bulk of the milk, it remains at the surface and accumulates much more rapidly than it would do without this enforced circulation.

Mr. Burnett depends upon the temperature of the atmosphere for the effect on the lower part of the pail, yet we should think in cold weather some artificial means like heated water, steam-pipes, or other method of retaining the warmth would be necessary for the uniform working of the familiar principle of circulation.

Wintering Roses.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* says: Perhaps my plan of wintering roses may be useful to some other amateur. I had a hot-bed frame not in use, and after losing many ones in the house year after year, I concluded to improvise a small cold-pit. I sank in the ground a very large dry goods box. Over it I placed a hot-bed frame and sash, put the potted roses in the box, and the thing was done. As the cold grew intense, I drew up earth around the sides of the frame, and covered the sash with an old piece of carpet, and did not then see my roses until spring, when they were simply watered, the carpet removed, and the plants left under the sash for two or three weeks before removing. I have practiced this method for three or four winters, and with perfect success. The plants fairly jump when the sun strikes them in spring, and they are in a healthy growing condition when I transplant to the border. I wish now to make a permanent cold-pit, in order to use the hot-bed frame in spring.

Thumps in Pigs.

"Thumps" in pigs is sometimes connected with structural heart disease, in other cases not; consequently different treatment is required. Usually, however, it is safe to avoid all excitement in treatment, and give sedatives, such as digitalis, three times a day, until the disease is arrested. Two or three grains will usually be sufficient for a pig. When the "thumping" ceases, give the animal tonics and good, wholesome, and easily digested food in abundance.

Splints on a Horse.

"Splints" on the leg of a horse are indications that the animal is not wholly sound, and inclined to be affected with other bone diseases. If the splint becomes inflamed and makes the horse go lame, give him rest and a little physic, and apply cooling lotions to the affected parts. After the soreness subsides, apply a blister. In long standing cases several may be required.

There is one species of reasoning of which we should all beware. It is that of specious argument, put forth to defend our position, without reference to its truth. It may be acute and shrewd, it may embarrass and even silence our opponent, but it will destroy the only purpose for which our reasoning powers were given us, that of discovering and establishing truth. The earnest desire for truth must lie at the foundation of all the culture of reason, or its main object will be frustrated.

There is a woman at Eureka, Cal., who a dozen years ago was married in a dress costing $2,000. Now she takes in washing to support a drunken husband and three pairs of twins.

Four Men Lynched in Kentucky.

A special correspondent sent to Newcastle, Ky., by the Louisville *Courier-Journal* telegraphs that almost one hundred armed men were in the mob that hung the three Goodriehs and Simmons. The jailor, J. M. Jones, says: "About one o'clock in the morning I was awakened by a loud knocking at the door and calls of 'Where is the jailor?' I hurriedly went down and was confronted by a body of about fifteen or twenty men. They pointed pistols and guns at me and told me to get the key of the jail and go with them. When we reached the jail they commanded me to open the door. They were joined by other men on the way to the jail, and when we got there some forty or fifty more rushed past the jail and at once took possession of the prisoners, and tied ropes around their necks and led them out. On the way out Sam and Joe Goodrich said: 'We are innocent. No blood of any man is on our hands.' The mob said in response: 'If you want to pray got at it.' Sam then said: "Will you allow me to send some money to my mother.' They said: 'Yes.' He then handed me about $40. They then proceeded down the street, taking the four to the bridge, where two were hanged on each side."

The following is published concerning the crimes for which the men were in jail: The murders were that of Parriah—for which Shuck suffered death on the gallows; a peddler from Jacksonville, in Shelby county, named Darrall; Beeler James, son of a member of the gang, sacrificed by his unfeeling father because he knew too much about its affairs, and whose bones were found where Dick Shuck said they were placed; John Onan, who was first robbed, attempted to be killed with a pistol shot which only broke his arm, and was then taken in a skiff into the Kentucky river, weighted with rocks and sunk. Following this was the murder of Eli Downey, cousin of Shuck, who was shot in the head by Jack Simmons, son of the "king," and robbed of $140. Next came the murder of an Indian named Gallaghan, a fruit-tree peddler from Indiana, who was first robbed, then knocked on the head with a stone and thrown into the river.

Educating a Gorilla.

Prof. Owen, Prof. Mivart and others, attended the recent private reception in London of the young Berlin gorilla, named Pongo. Mr. Frank Buckland tried to teach him to write, but, although he did make some marks on the paper, he preferred to carry the pencil to his mouth, and swallowed about an inch of the best Cumberland lead. Pongo's favorite position is to sit on the floor and hug a stick or an umbrella, and he is pleased to be trusted with an umbrella, although he does not always deserve the confidence, because he has a tendency to open it in a new and expeditious way, and no umbrella frame can resist his very great muscular strength of arm and jaw. He drank half a glass of beer in the presence of the audience, and also ate some roast beef and potatoes; but ordinarily he lives chiefly on vegetables, and makes enormous meals of them. In the morning they give him milk and fruits, cherries, currants, raspberries, etc. At midday he has a basin of boiled rice, and anything else that he can get. In the course of the afternoon he has more fruit, and perhaps some *eau sucree* of wine and water. In the evening more milk is brought, and this, with bread and butter and eggs, completes his supper. He goes to bed at eight o'clock, and sleeps as late as eight the next morning. But he has learned to smoke—at least when the cigarette has an amber mouthpiece, for he does not like the taste of tobacco.

Population of Asia and Africa.

The entire population of Asia is larger by about twenty-five millions than the estimate given in last year's issue of Behm and Wagner's work. The increase mainly falls upon the East India islands and Anam, the figures in the case of the latter being more than double those given in the tables of last year—viz.: 21,000,000. The population of British India is rather less than last year, being 188,096,700, that Burmah being about 2,750,000, including tributary or protected States. The whole population of British India is close on 239,000,000. In a map of India, which accompanies the work, the varying density of the population in India is shown, from five inhabitants to over 750 per square mile. The greatest density is found, of course, about Calcutta, as also in patches all along the east coast and over all the northwest provinces. The population of China is given as 405,000,000, with 38,500,000 of outlying people. Hong Kong seems to have decreased by upward of two thousand since last year, the number now given being 121,985. Japan is set down as 33,299,014. With regard to Africa, the population of Algeria was, 1875, estimated to be 2,448,961. The population of Egypt shows a slight increase over last year, being now 17,000,000. The inhabitants of Port Said now number 9,650, and of Ismailia 3,779. Many details are given concerning the area and population of the Soudan and Central and West African States, the results of recent explorations. The British possessions in South Africa show an increase of territory and population, the latter numbering, according to the latest data, 1,338,702. According to the latest statistics, the whole population of Australia amounts to 1,867 000; of New Zealand, 421,326. In the Fiji islands the native population seems to be rapidly decreasing. It is calculated now not to exceed 70,000, while the white, who in 1872 numbered 2,940, were last year only 1,650.

In one day, the marketmen of New York, sold 650,000 watermelons. This, in their estimation, is the largest single day's sale of the fruit ever known.

THE PROPHET'S BIG WALL.

The Policy by which Brigham Young Strengthened the Mormon Church.

A writer in a New York paper says: One day I was riding with Brigham Young around the suburbs of Salt Lake. As we came in from the Hot Sulphur Springs, which ran like a little river from the rocky base of the Wasatch mountains, about a mile north of the city, we passed a dilapidated *adobe* wall, a wall made from the unbaked clay. The wall had been eight or nine feet high, but it is now little more than a ruin.

"What was that wall built for?" I asked.

"That wall was built for two purposes," said the prophet. "It once extended all around Salt Lake. It was a little Chinese wall, with loop holes and gates and round houses."

"Then Salt Lake was once a walled city?"—

"Yes, it was walled all around, and the wall cost a great deal of labor, too. Hundreds of men worked all winter on it."

"But you have not told me the two purposes for which it was built," I suggested.

"Well, the chief purpose of this wall was to keep three or four hundred immigrants from being idle. You see, we had a large immigration one year, three or four hundred able-bodied men. They arrived in August, too late to do anything on their farms. Now, an idle man is always a bad man. Still, we had nothing for them to do. 'How can I employ them?' I asked myself. Then I thought of this wall. To make it seem necessary, we had to pretend that we were threatened by the Indians around us. This was easily done, for several parties of Indians had been hovering around the town. In a few days we worked up the enthusiasm for protection, and put these hundreds of idle men to work. The wages were small, but they all worked steadily during the whole fall and winter."

"And no Indians ever troubled the town?"

"No, and I never thought they would. But four hundred idle men would have troubled it. We were in more danger from idle men than from Indians. And this has always been my idea; whenever I have found an idle Mormon I have set him to work—kept him busy with his hands and brain, and then he is always sure to be a good citizen."

This I found had always been the Prophet's theory. If a poor immigrant came to Salt Lake without money, Brigham placed him on a farm and gave him implements and seeds. He made him self-sustaining. Everything in Salt Lake was built right there. A Mormon built the big organ in the tabernacle, Mormons build and officer their railroads, and Mormons are building their great temple. Before he died the Prophet had Mormon furniture factories, a Mormon mint where they once coined their own money, and six cotton and woollen factories. In fact, Brigham Young taught his people to make everything they ate, drank, or wore, except coffee, tea, sugar, pepper and spice.

The river running down from the Wasatch mountains behind Salt Lake is a good water power with 150 feet fall. The same water runs through two million dollars worth of irrigating canals, and waters the whole Salt Lake plain before it finally empties into the lake.

Brigham Young was a good mechanic. He could make anything he ever saw, and when occasion required he could invent new appliances. He was a rough, crude man, but terribly in earnest. He was like Zach Chandler in politics, Sherman in war, and St. Paul in the ministry. He was always aggressive. His son, John W., on the contrary, is always on the defensive. He is always patting people on the back, always tranquilizing and making peace. He is the most gentlemanly and quiet-mannered man I ever met. He wins everybody with his smile and kind ways. The morning we left for Ogden, John W. came down to the cars with us. In going from the depot to the cars no less than six Mormons put their arms around him. Some even kissed him. Brigham Young was feared, but his son John W. will and has made himself beloved. He will not fight. All strife will now end in Utah. Polygamy will gradually die out. John W. will let it die, but the Mormon church, with its 200,000 followers, will stand.

"We double once in seven years," the Prophet said one day.

"How double once in seven years?" I asked.

"Why in 1849 we had 12,000 people. In 1856 we had 24,000; in 1863 we had 48,000; in 1870 we had 96,000, and to-day in 1877 we have 192,000."

"And in 1883 you will have"—

"Two hundred and eighty-four thousand, and nothing but a national calamity or a judgment from God can stop us," said the Prophet.

There is no doubt in my mind that under the conservative policy of John W. Young, with the death of polygamy, that the Mormons will number 284,000 in 1883, and that they will control the politics of Utah, and perhaps of Arizona and New Mexico.

A Discriminating Cat.

It requires quick hearing, sharp observation, and a good memory to know always a friend's peculiar ring of the house bell, although there is no doubt an individuality in that, as in every other human act. Not to be able to do this, is not, however, a proof of dullness in child or man; but when done by a cat, is worth noting. A lady in Boston had a cat which for years always left its rug and went down the stairs to the front door when its mistress rang, to meet her, if the doors of the rooms were open; but it took no notice whatever of the ringing of anybody else.

Items of Interest.

A boat race always ends in a row.

A two-foot rule—keep your feet dry.

Woman's province—The Isle of Man.

Twelve women are postmistresses in Schuylkill county, Pa.

Just a few more moons—a few more swiftly gliding weeks—and you'll be kicking yourself for having found fault with hot weather.

Now as he passes by, the owner just gives a glance at his sleigh, and says to himself he thinks the chickens will shortly have to find some other place to roost.

The patriotic women of Circassia are selling their hair in order to provide funds for wounded soldiers. Some of their tresses, four feet two inches long, have already been sold in London.

When a man is working for his board and the employer cuts his salary down fifty per cent., then times are indeed what you might call hard, and a man is justified in resorting to extreme measures.

The statement that the coal fields of the world will be exhausted in 2,000 years brings no permanent solace to the man who has to carry the present daily supply for the family up three pairs of stairs.

They were talking about the most manifest signs of lunacy. "It is my opinion," said X., who has seen a great deal of life, "that the real lunatic is the man who, when his sincere opinion is asked—gives it."

There are six insane asylums in New York State capable of accommodating 2,500 patients, and additions are being to made increase the total capacity to 3,500. The State has now nearly 7,000 insane persons.

The pay of the French army officers has been increased. A marshal of France will get $5,904 a year; a general of division $3,888, and a brigadier-general $2,592. Chaplains will be paid $475 and assistant chaplains $50.

Magdalene Sehr, residing near Lansdale, Pa., will be ninety years of age in October. Notwithstanding her age, she is remarkably active, and at present does the entire household work on a farm of forty acres, and helps with the dairy. Her eyesight is excellent. She does not use glasses, and is as nimble with the sewing needle as ever. Her husband, Anthony Sehr, died in 1865, aged eighty-five years.

Refusing a Fortune.

Who would believe it possible to find a poor man refusing a fortune of $16,000? Yet such an original being is now to be found in France. His name is Auguste Eugene Pothier, and he follows the calling of a stableman in a hotel at Orleans. Some months ago his mother died in Paris, and in her will left him the sum named, which was duly deposited by the notary at the Caisse des Depots et Consignations. M. Pothier was informed of the fact, and requested to come and fetch his money, but he paid no attention to the letter. Again he was written to, but in vain—he went on smoking his pipe and cleaning his horses with the utmost indifference. At length the notary, who wanted to get the affair off his hands, took out a summons against him. Still it was of no avail—Auguste Eugene Pothier preferred to be mulcted in fine and costs for not answering the legal mandate. And so the matter rests at present. It is said that the stableman, on being remonstrated with for his singular conduct, replied: "I have always heard that money is the root of all evil, so it may just as well stay where it is." M. Auguste Eugene Pothier deserves to have a prominent place in the exhibition next year.

What Ailed Tim.

Tim, the newsboy, was seen coming out of a store the other day with a box of paper collars in his hand, and as two or three of his associates were very inquisitive as to what he meant to do with them he answered with considerable pomposity:

"I shall appear in one of them this very afternoon, and regularly thereafter till death."

"Ho! ho! ho!" they sneered, "but hain't you just flinging on the style, though! You've allus looked as mean and ragged as any of us, and now all to once you begin to prance around and wear collars."

"Yes, and all to once my sister is going to get married, and all to once the old lady has bought a sewing machine and a big accordeon on trust, and all to once dad has been on three coroner's jurys and is fixing things to run fro constable, and all to once I'm going to keep up my end of the family if it takes my last dollar, and that's what ails me!"

Health and Slow Pulse.

Some interesting statements are reported to have been made at a meeting of the Clinical Society, London, showing that a slow pulse may in no wise interfere with health. The most remarkable case, perhaps, was that of Dr. Hevran, as related by himself. It seems that, twenty-one years ago, after prolonged study and work, his pulse fell from seventy-two to fifty-five, and he felt very cold; from that time its frequency gradually decreased until about eleven years later, when it was but twenty-four beats per minute. Its present rate is about twenty-eight. Notwithstanding this, he has not suffered from fainting, fits or cold, is capable of great physical exertion—of which evidence is to be found in his ascent of a high mountain—and his digestion remains unimpaired. Another speaker said that Napoleon had a slow pulse, being about thirty to forty per minute; and another member stated the rate of a horse's pulse to be only sixteen.

The M'Kean Miner

H. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1877.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JAMES H. STERRETT, of Allegheny.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM B. HART, of Montgomery.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
J. A. M. PASSMORE, of Schuylkill.

Political Announcements.

ED MINER—Please announce that I am a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. W. D. GALLUP.

Smethport, Aug. 24, 1877.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE strike has ended in the mining regions.

GOLD declined on Monday to 109⅞, the lowest point touched in fifteen years.

SENATOR MORTON is not yet out of danger. The latest report is that he is worse.

THE official returns from the Maine election give a Republican majority of 11,830. Good enough.

THE State Greenback Convention assembled in Williamsport yesterday. The attendance is very large.

THE Secretary of the Treasury received over $7,000 "Conscience money" from an unknown individual last Saturday.

COL. W. P. WILSON, the new chairman of the Republican State Committee, has called a meeting of the Committee at Harrisburg to-day.

STANLEY, the explorer, has arrived on the west coast of Africa, after a terrible journey across the continent, starting Nov. 15, 1876.

THE matter of the Toledo postoffice is not likely to make one fall in love with the new version of Civil Service Reform or help the Republican cause in Ohio.

THE Massachusetts Republican State Convention met yesterday. Gov. Rice was nominated. The platform endorses the President fully and favors specie resumption at the time fixed.

FRANK LESLIE'S business is in the hands of an assignee, who will continue the publication of his papers and give the proprietor $100 per week during the time that his affairs are being settled.

IT IS a noteworthy *fact* that the democrats always carry Pennsylvania in their breeches pocket during every campaign, and on election night graciously hand it over to the republicans.—*Allentown Chronicle.*

THE democratic candidate for County Treasurer of Ashland county, Ohio, said before his nomination that "ninety cents a day was enough for the strikers; its all they earn." Since his nomination he comes out as the working man's friend.

THE late democratic convention of this State asserted in its platform that corporations had been "too highly favored by State and Federal legislation," and then proceeded to nominate for State Treasurer the tool of the corporations and the champion monopolist—Amos C. Noyes.

IT MAY be well to state, now that the democratic rejoicing over their "victory" in California has somewhat subsided, that it is in reality very little of a victory for them. The Legislature, it is true, will have a democratic majority of 36 on joint ballot, but as their majority in the last Legislature was upward of 60, the republicans have really made a gain of over 20 members. If that is victory, let them make the most of it.

LYCOMING county is unfortunately sadly democratic, but our republican friends frequently elect their man in the face of a heavy majority against them by the superiority of the popularity and ability of their candidates, and the signs look very much as if they were going to win by these wise tactics this fall. They have nominated for Prothonotary Theodore Hill, who is not only immensely popular but is conceded by all parties to be far superior in fitness for the office over his democratic competitor. He will be found a steep and stubborn *Hill* to get over before the canvass is closed.

TWEED is being pumped now by the Board of Aldermen of New York. He pretends to be telling it all this time, and like the professional "reformed drunkard" seems to glory in making himself out to be as big a rascal as he was ever painted. The only person of character whom he implicates is Senator Woodin, whom he claims to have bought with a big bribe. Inasmuch as he has previously sworn that he knew nothing against him, his present statement is to be taken with a large grain of allowance. The oath of a confessed perjurer and thief should have very little value in the market.

THE editor of the Emporium *Independent* undertakes a job altogether too heavy for so light a calibre when he endeavors to answer Hon. W. H. Armstrong's charges against the democratic party. More able democratic editors wisely refrain from attempting to answer them, and it is thus the more amusing to witness the confidence with which this pigmy champion rushes into the conflict and delivers his puny blows. Among the charges of Mr. Armstrong was the following:

We may justly charge upon the democratic party that they have, through years of *persistent* misrepresentation, and for merely partisan purposes, excited unnecessary and unjustifiable antagonism between capital and labor, until it has culminated in riot and murder and the unprovoked destruction of millions of property essential to the maintenance of productive industries.

The astute editor of the *Independent* imagines that he demolishes the force of this charge by setting against it the happy fact that the democratic party has not been in power in the State or Nation for sixteen long years, and have thus *had no voice in governmental control.* If Jonathan was a little more careful in his reading, as well as writing, he would observe that Mr. Armstrong had reference more especially to the expressions of the party through its press and public speakers, and thus his "answer" to the "charges" comes far wide of the mark. Brace up, and try again neighbor.

AT the meeting of the Democratic State Committee at Harrisburg the other day the candidates, it is reported, were assessed as follows: Supreme Judge, $2,000; State Treasurer, $1,500; Auditor General, $500; making a total of $4,000 for McClelland to begin with, which no doubt is very acceptable to him.

THE Schuylkill County Court has ordered seventy-seven naturalization certificates, issued in 1876 and voted upon, to be cancelled, upon the ground that they were fraudulently issued to men who were not entitled to them. Every one of the seventy-seven men who voted upon these certificates voted for Reilly, the Democratic candidate; and as his declared majority was only 81, the Republican candidate, Mr. Nutting, who is contesting the seat, has only to prove five other fraudulent votes, to wipe out the declared majority altogether.

THE new Virginia statute requiring the payment of a tax of 2½ cents on every drink of alcoholic and one cent on every drink of malt liquors has gone into effect in Richmond. Every drink is recorded by a patent register, and an inspection of the registers in twenty-four leading Richmond saloons after four days operation of the law shows a paid tax of $280. A calculation based on this exhibit shows that in the 350 places where liquor is sold the revenue to the State from that city alone would be $100,000 per annum. The liquor men are bitterly opposed to the law, notwithstanding the tax comes out of the consumer, upon whom they have raised the prices.

SENATOR WALLACE, of Pennsylvania, whose love for Mr. Randall is of that fervid kind which jealousy always inspires, takes leave to remark that he thinks the subsidy question will be one too many for his colleague. He announces, and this will be especially interesting news for the South, that the anti-subsidy plank in the Pennsylvania Democratic platform was "entirely the handiwork of Randall and his friends." Having aimed this shot in one direction, Mr. Wallace turns about and remarks that "Throckmorton, of Texas, is, I understand, for Randall, and Throckmorton is understood specially to represent the Texas Pacific interest in his State. There is a basis for a good deal of music in these brotherly observations.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

MR. MURAT HALSTEAD confirms the current impression that the Republicans have the better chance of success in Ohio. He says the Democrats are rent by internal discussions, and the Republicans, though greatly in want of a clear issue, are united, and have every chance of carrying Hamilton county, which will decide the election. He says, what has been evident to outsiders from the start, that the Democrats will sell out Mr. Bishop for the Legislature, but, he thinks, the sacrifice will be in vain. He made these observations to a correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* and concluded with this philosophic prediction:

"People must choose between evils at last, and the *lesser evil* just now appears to be—as I usually find it to be—the Republican party. The result of the campaign will be a Republican victory, no doubt. The majority will not be an overwhelming one, but I believe it will be larger than any the party has received during several years."

JUSTICE BRADLEY.

He gives the Scandalmongers a Setback.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.—The following is Justice Bradley's letter to the editor of the Newark, (N. J.) Advertiser:

"*To the Editor of the Advertiser:*

"I perceive that the New York Sun has reiterated its charge that, after preparing a written opinion in favor of the Tilden electors in the Florida case submitted to the Electoral Commission, I changed my views during the night preceding the vote in consequence of pressure brought to bear upon me by Republican politicians and Pacific Railroad men, whose carriages, it is said, surrounded my house during the evening. This, I believe, is the important point of the charge. Whether I wrote one opinion or twenty in my examination of the subject is of little consequence, and of no concern to anybody, if the *opinion* which I finally gave was the fair result of my deliberations, without influence from outside parties.

"The above slander was published some time since, but I never saw it until recently. I deemed it too absurd to need refutation; but as it is categorically repeated, perhaps I ought to notice it. The same story about carriages of leading Republicans and others congregating at my house was circulated in Washington at the time, and came to the ears of my family, only to raise a smile of contempt. The whole thing is a falsehood. Not a single visitor called at my house that evening; and during the whole sitting of the Commission I had no private discussion whatever of the subject at issue with any persons interested on the Republican side, and but very few words with any person. Indeed, I sedulously sought to avoid all discussion outside of the Commission itself. The allegation that I read an opinion to Judges Clifford and Field is entirely untrue. I read no opinion to either of them, and have no recollection of expressing any. If I did it could only have been suggestively or in a hypothetical manner, and not intended as a consultial of my final judgment or action.

"The question was one of grave importance, and to me of much difficulty and embarrassment. I earnestly endeavored to come to a right decision, free from all political or other extraneous considerations. In my private examination of the principal questions—about going behind the returns—I wrote and rewrote the arguments and considerations on both sides as they occurred to me, sometimes being inclined to one view of the subject and sometimes to the other; but finally I threw aside these incubrations, and, as you have rightly stated, wrote out the short opinion which I read in the Florida case during the sitting of the Commission. This opinion expresses the honest conclusion to which I had arrived, and which, after a full consideration of the whole subject, seemed to me the only satisfactory solution of the question; and I may add that the more I have reflected on it since, the more satisfied I have become that it was right. At all events, it was the result of my own reflections and consideration, without any suggestions from any quarter, except the arguments adduced by counsel in the public discussion and by members of the Commission in its private consultation.

"As for the insinuation contained in a *recent article published in a prominent* periodical by a noted politician, implying that the case was decided in consequence of a political conspiracy, I can only say—and from the peculiar position I occupied on the Commission, I am able to say—that it is utterly devoid of truth, at least so far as the action of the Commission itself was concerned. In that article the writer couples my name with the name of those whom he supposed obnoxious to public odium. The decencies of public expression, if nothing more, might well have deterred so able a writer from making personal imputations which he did not know to be well founded.

"Yours respectfully,
"JOSEPH P. BRADLEY."

THE Democrats of Iowa have nominated for Governor a man who, four years ago, in his capacity of Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, and in open State Convention, formally announced that the Democratic party had "survived its usefulness," and that then was the time to "bury it out of sight."

SHERIFF SALES.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the county of McKean, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post being the northwest corner of a lot deeded to John Fobes and being in the south line of a lot deeded to Valentine Bowen; thence west 131 perches to a post corner; thence north 64 and 8-10 perches to a post corner; thence west seventy perches to a post corner in the east line of a lot deeded to George and Sheldon Blackman; thence by said line south eighty perches to a post corner; thence east sixty-one perches to a post corner; thence south 36 and 8-10 perches to a post corner; thence east 161 perches to a post corner; thence south 15 perches to a post corner; thence east 78 perches to a post; thence north 41 perches to the place of beginning, containing eighty-seven acres and one hundred and thirty-three perches, strict measure, be the same more or less, being part of warrants Nos 3095 and 3097.

ALSO—Another lot 10 rods square, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post corner standing on the west side of the Allegheny river, being the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by John Keating and others to Valentine Bowen in warrant No 3097; thence by the line of said lot west 16 perches to a post; thence south 100 perches to a post corner in the line of a lot conveyed for John Leap; thence by said line and George and Sheldon Blackman's land east 116 perches to a corner on the west bank of the Allegheny river; thence down the river by the several courses and distances to the place of beginning, containing seventy eight acres and one hundred and thirty perches, strict measure, be the same more or less, and being a part of the above mentioned warrant No 3097; the two above mentioned lots of land forming the homestead lot and farm of Daniel J Keyes, upon which are the following improvements, to wit: One hundred and forty-five acres of land improved, one saw mill, two frame houses, one horse barn, one stanly house, one frame blacksmith shop, one spring which is conveyed by pipes into the house, and three other good springs, one frame hog pen and corn crib, one smoke house and two other outbuildings, one young orchard containing about 125 apple trees, 8 pear trees, 8 plum trees and 6 cherry trees, one old orchard containing some 25 apple trees.

ALSO—All that certain lot in Eldred township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of John Keating estate, lot No 247; thence east 80 perches to the northwest corner of R H Merrick's lot No 229; thence south 100 perches to a post corner in the Two-mile creek; thence west 80 perches to the line of the John Keating estate, lot No 263; thence north 100 perches to the place of beginning, being lot No 254 of the Keating lands in said township and part of warrant No 3166, containing 50 acres of land, well watered, about 2 acres improved; one board house and one shed barn.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of J S Holm at the suit of R S Dexter use of Clem H Cole.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point in the public road leading from the house of C. Petty's to S. T. Cole; thence by center of said road north 73½ degrees east twenty-two perches; thence by said road north 45 degrees east thirty-five and four-tenths perches; thence by said road north 80 degrees east fifty-eight and eight-tenths perches to a post corner; thence north 30 degrees west sixty-one perches to a post corner; thence west 74 and 9-10 perches to a post corner; thence south 82 perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty-six and four-tenths acres of land, more or less, and being lot No. 67 of the Keating allotment of land in Liberty township and part of warrant No 3078, about 25 acres improved, one board dwelling house, one frame corn crib, one shed barn, one small orchard and one spring of water thereon.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of D J Keyes at the suit of R O Smith.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the village of Port Allegany, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the northeast by the B N Y & P R R, on the northwest by Sanburn, on the southwest by H Vanslerbuite or the Allegheny river, on the southeast by Jewett & Keating, containing about 3 acres, being a part of the V R Vanderhule farm in said village, all improved, on which there is one well of water, one frame house with wing, one barn, a young orchard.

ALSO—Another lot in Annin township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of John Keating estate, lot No 247; thence east 80 perches to the northwest corner of R H Merrick's lot No 229; thence south 100 perches to a post corner in the Two-mile creek; thence west 80 perches to the line of the John Keating estate, lot No 263; thence north 100 perches to the place of beginning, being lot No 254 of the Keating lands in said township and part of warrant No 3166, containing 50 acres of land, well watered, about 2 acres improved; one board house and one shed barn.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of J S Holm at the suit of R S Dexter use of Clem H Cole.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point in the public road leading from the house of C. Petty's to S. T. Cole; thence by center of said road north 73½ degrees east twenty-two perches; thence by said road north 45 degrees east thirty-five and four-tenths perches; thence by said road north 80 degrees east fifty-eight and eight-tenths perches to a post corner; thence north 30 degrees west sixty-one perches to a post corner; thence west 74 and 9-10 perches to a post corner; thence south 82 perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty-six and four-tenths acres of land, more or less, and being lot No. 67 of the Keating allotment of land in Liberty township and part of warrant No 3078, about 25 acres improved, one board dwelling house, one frame corn crib, one shed barn, one small orchard and one spring of water thereon.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of D J Keyes at the suit of R O Smith.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Annin, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north and west by M. Perkins, on the south by John and William Hillmer, on the east by H A Treat, being lot No 99 and lot and part of warrants No 4827 and 3190, containing 74 and 8-10 acres, about 15 acres improved, and well watered, on which is situate one frame house, one frame barn and about 80 apple trees.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Leroy Dalrimpe and O A Swift at the suit of C H Smith.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the village of Mechanicsburg, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post corner on the southwest corner of lot No 4, and on the line of Wm. Williams land; thence east along the line of said Williams lands 10 perches to a post corner; thence north 9 perches to a post corner on the line of South street; thence east along the line of said street 10 perches to the corner of lot No 5; thence along the line of said lot south 9 perches to the place of beginning, containing 90 square rods of land, be the same more or less, being lot No 4 in the village of Mechanicsburg, as laid down in the original survey and plot of said village; all improved, having thereon a quantity of fruit trees, one frame dwelling house with two wings, and out-building.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of D. L. Forsyth at the suit of Wm. Mesakill.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

A certain building on the corner of Main & Mechanic streets in the borough of Smethport, on square No 84, said building being a three-story frame building with a two-story frame wing attached, being fifty feet front on Main street and fifty-two feet deep, the wing being twenty-two feet wide and thirty feet deep.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Boyd. F. Wright at the suit of Lucius Rogers and Seth J Gifford.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Ceres, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post in the north line of lot No 102, conveyed to J H Stoop and being the east corner of lot No 437; thence north 17 and 1-10 perches to the northeast corner of said lot No. 437; thence east 40 and 5-10 perches to a post; thence south 17 and 1-10 perches to a post in the north line of said lot No. 102; thence west 41 and 4-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres of land, more or less, being lot No 436 of allotment of Keating lands in Ceres township and part of warrant No 4236; all unimproved.

Seized as taken in execution and will be sold as the property of H A Treat, N D Fairchild and O A Swift at the suit of J J Ashley.

C S KING Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug. 31, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 24th day of Sept. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m., the following described piece or parcel of land to wit:

All that tract or parcel of land situated in the Township of Bradford, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at an ironwood at the northwest corner of lot No 233, and running thence west 43½ rods, more or less, to a post; thence south 151 rods, more or less to a post on the south side of lot No 234; thence east 43½ rods, more or less, to a post at the southwest corner of lot No 233; thence north 151 rods, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing forty-nine and three-tenths acres, be the same more or less, being the east half of lot No 234, and being part of warrant No 3254, the same being a tract of land conveyed to Artemas Heaphy by Daniel Kingsbury and Ruby his wife by deed dated the ninth day of September, 1861; on which are the following improvements, to wit: about 15 acres of land improved, ten apple trees, two springs of water, two frame houses and one frame barn, and two gas wells.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of H B Rogers at the suit of Albert Detgdier.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Aug 31, 1877.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, *President Judge*, and the Hons. W. S. BROWNELL and F. A. BURNHAM, *Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean*, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, June 22, A. D. 1877, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 24th day of Sept. 1877, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, requisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as well as just.

Dated at Smethport, Sept. 3, 1877, and the 101th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Trial List, Sept. Term 1877.

Wm W Richardson vs C S Whitney, No 216, Sept. T 1876.
P Ackley, guardian, vs J M & G M Welch, No 203, Sept T 1874
Wm Touscher vs Morris H Manning, No 188, Sept T 1875
E T Watkins vs R W Green & wife, No 222, Feb T 1876
Richmond Nichols vs Hackst & Chevalier, No 97, June T 1876
Caroline Bradley vs Enos Parsons, No 153, June T 1876
Clark & Co vs Wm Beardsley, No 43, Sept T, 1876
Ex'rs A N Taylor vs E W Barr, et al, No 59 Sept T 1876
S N Moses vs J M Wright, No 115, Dec T, 1876
Marsh & Silke vs Buchanan & Collins, No 18, Sept T 1876
Abram Cover vs James Drumgool, No 19, Sept T 1877

C K SARTWELL,
per J B CHADWICK.

Jury Lists—Sept. Term, 1877.

OYER AND TERMINER JURORS.

ANNIN.—Charles Beadle, J. H. Holcomb, S. L. Holcomb, S. H. Hodges, Dennis Lane, Albert Lamphire, G. W. Wisbaln.

BRADFORD.—Hiram Beardsley, Alfred Whipple.

BRADFORD BORO'.—E. A. Bowen.

CERES.—V. P. Carter, H. W. Carter, Abel Hammond, Nathan Holly, W. E. Morse, Jerry Reilly.

ELDRED.—D. W. Burnham, Richard Campbell, George Colegrove, Almon Carpenter, Lemuel Eastman, C. C. Moses, Ralph Roberts.

HAMLIN.—T. H. Fraley.

KEATING.—J. G. Boyer, Almond Bridge, Tim. McCarty (little), John Olds, Henry Plummer.

LAFAYETTE.—John Hoop, John Palmer, Llewellyn Stanton.

LIBERTY.—Charles Campbell, Abram Frier, E. C. Gallup, R. S. Grimolls, L. L. Lillibridge, M. A. Lillibridge, Geo. McCord.

OTTO.—S. C. Smith.

SERGEANT.—Pat. Fitzsimmons.

SMETHPORT.—Nathaniel Abbey, H. M. Bush, O. W. Gallup, W. H. Tubbs.

WETMORE.—J. G. Curtis, James Campbell, L. M. Johnson.

GRAND JURORS.

ANNIN.—G. E Tubbs.

BRADFORD.—Wm. Boyd, C. C. Foster.

CORYDON.—Philip Tome.

ELDRED.—Caleb Canfield, Russel Cooper, A. E. Fowler.

KEATING.—James Bond, Thomas Hussey, sen.

LAFAYETTE.—David Bowen, Solomon Fair.

LIBERTY.—F. M. Coleman, F. P. Camp, John Ford, L. Garthwait, Wm. Hooker.

OTTO.—Simon Briggs, Gideon Ellis, Charles Bixford, W. H. Spiller.

SERGEANT.—Orrin Perry.

SMETHPORT.—Ransom Beckwith.

WETMORE.—Jerome Goodrich, William Wagner.

E. G. BROWN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Smethport, Pa.

OFFICE AND ROOMS OVER THE POST OFFICE.

Where he can be found at any time day or night, except when attending professional calls.

Cheap Guns for the People.

Double Shot Guns, from $7 to $25. Breech Loading Shot Guns, from $25 to $150. Single Shot Guns, all kinds, $2 to $35. Rifles, Muzzle and Breech Loading, Single and Repeating, 7, 16 and 32 shooters. Revolvers, 5, 6 and 7 shooters, $4.50 to $20.

Goods sent by Express C. O. D., with privilege to examine. Price list free. Address, GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Administrators' Notice.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration upon the estate of Christopher H. Smith, deceased, late of Ceres township, McKean County, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

MRS. H. C. SMITH,
F. N. VAN WORMER,
Adm'rs.

Ceres, Pa., Sept. 1, 1877-35-6p

$5.00 Reward.

LOST at Smethport, a book containing list of Judgments copied from McKean County Common Pleas. The above reward will be given by me for its return at my store at Port Allegany or for definite information of its whereabouts.

M. A. LILLIBRIDGE.

Aug. 13, 1877.

YOU CAN get your Job Printing done at the MINER office in city style and at city prices. Remember it.

LIST OF
LAW BLANKS
Printed and kept constantly on hand at the
MINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

A handsome and carefully compiled list of plain, printed on white, heavy paper, in neat style of the typographical art.

ATTORNEY'S SERIES.

Amicable Action.
" " and Confession of Judgment.
" " to Revive & Continue Judgm't.
Amicable Sci. Fa. Sur. Mortgage.
Arbitration—Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal.
Bond.
" Judgment.
" Interest and Insurance Clause.
" Administrator to Sell or Mortgage.
" Cognovit in Ejectment.
" Guardian to Sell or Mortgage.
" Indemnity.
" Executor under Act March 27, 1865.
" Defendant's
" In Replevin—Plaintiff.
" " Defendant.
Composition Paper.
Commission—Letter of Instruction.
"D. S. B" on Judgment Note.
" (copy of note printed in.)
Letter of Attorney.
Letter of Remittance.
Mechanics' Lien.
Money for Judgment and Liquidation.
" —blank.
Narr. with Copy of Account and Precipe.
" (No. 2)
Note—Judgment, with waiver.
Petition—Blank.
" and Bond for Tavern License.
" of Administrator to Sell or Mortgage.
" for Citation against Executor or Administrator to File Account.
Precipe for Summons in Assumpsit.
" for Writ of Fieri Facias.
" for Writ of Replevin.
" " Attachment under Act of March 17, 1869.
Precipe for Writ of Attachment under Act of March 17, 1869, Notice to Garnishee.
Precipe for Writ of Fi. Fa. with Suggestion and Affidavit.
Precips for writ of Sci. Fa. sur Judgment.
" Garnishee.
" Attachment Execution.
Praecipe for Assignment.
Praecipe for Summons and Notice.
Record of Judgments and Liens.
Return Receipt.
Rule and Interrogatories.
Recognizance to Stay of Execution.
Statement for Judgment by Default.

CONVEYANCER'S SERIES.

Agreement for sale of Land.
Bill of Sale.
Bond—Interest and Insurance Clause.
" Judgment.
Deed—Warranty.
" Covenant of Title.
" Executor, under order of Court.
" " power in Will
" Quit Claim.
" Administrator.
" Reserving Mineral Rights.
" for Minerals.
" Ground Rent.
Lease.
" with Waiver.
" Oil.

JUSTICE'S SERIES.

Summons.
Subpoena.
Execution.
" with note of Waiver.
Criminal warrant.
Attachment in Execution.
Rule and Interrogatories.
Bond and Affidavit of Plaintiff in Attachment.
Attachment—Fraudulent Debtor.
Bond of Defendant, in Attachment.
Transcript—Commonwealth Case.
" Civil Suit.
Complaint.
Commitment.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Orders—Township, Road, School and Poor.
Subpoena—Constable.
" Collector.
Appraisement on Personal Property—Constable.
Bond for Stay of Execution—Constable.
Notice to Taxpayers—School Treasurer.
Collector's Receipt.

FOR
PARLOR AND BEDROOM
FURNITURE,
Go to the Manufactory of

From 25 to 50 per cent. saved by purchasing of First Hands
ALBERT BEST & CO.
39 & 41 Perry St.,
(NEAR FOOT OF MAIN ST.)
Buffalo, N. Y.
46-1y

JAMES McNULTY,
MERCHANT TAILOR
MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

Suits made to order promptly, after the latest patterns.

REPAIRING and CLEANING
done to order neatly and reasonably.
Prices to suit the times, and good fit guaranteed. Call and see samples and prices.
v16-42-1y J. McNULTY.

C. V. GILLIS,
DEALER IN
DRUGS
Paints, Oils,
FANCY GOODS, Etc.,
KANE, PA.

MRS. J. E. SHOEMAKER,
TEACHER OF
Instrumental and Vocal Music
in all its branches, including THOROUGH BASS.
Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels able to assure of entire satisfaction.
TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

THE undersigned would inform the public that they have opened a Meat Market in the basement of the Wright House, where they will keep on hand a full supply of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,
FISH, LARD, &c., &c.,

which will be sold as low as the market will allow. An inspection of stock and prices is invited.

WM. OGILVIE & CO.
Smethport Pa. March 30th, 1877.-1y-36

W. H. COATS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
FURNITURE
AND
COFFINS
Eldred, McKean Co., Pa.

LEGAL BLANKS of all kinds, neatly and correctly printed, can be had at the MINER office.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
DRY GOODS AND
GROCERIES
AT
HASKILL & GIFFORD'S
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

SUMMER ATTRACTIONS.

R. O. SMITH & CO.
OLEAN, N. Y.

ARE OFFERING A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF SEASONABLE GOODS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

OUR DRESS GOODS
Stock is new and attractive, and includes a full assortment of the staples, such as Black and Colored Silks, Cashmeres, Poplins, &c.

READY MADE SUITS.
We have just opened a large assortment of Cambric Suits in Solid Colors, and Pin Head Checks, costing from $3 to $10. These are new and desirable Goods, and are taking the place of Linen Suits with Trade.

DOMESTICS.
Cotton Goods of all kinds have touched a lower price than at any time since the decline. We are now selling a great many kinds of Domestics at less than the real cost of Production.

OUR GOODS ARE ALL BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH,

THE WHITE GOODS
Department is Well Stocked for the season. Full lines of Muslins, Cambrics, Jaconetts, Victoria Lawns, Swiss Mulls, &c. Hamburg Edges in all qualities a specialty.

ALL THE NEW AND
Staple Styles in Hosiery, Gloves, Fans, Neck Ruffles, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, &c.

Hence we do not ask the paying Customers to cover losses caused by a credit Business, but give a uniformly low price to all.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

The New Drug Store.

W. T. CALLER,
—Dealer in—
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Goods,
and Notions, Paints, Oil, Varnishes, &c., &c.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED
at all Hours of Day or Night.

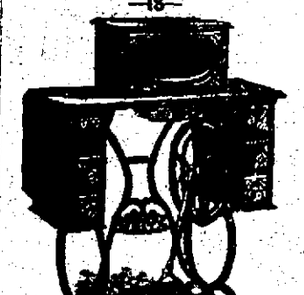
MAIN STREET, - - - SMETHPORT, PA

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.
ROBT. H. ROSE
is authorized to receive moneys (or use) upon suitable to any lands. He will give information personally, in any locations of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is in the
Prothonotary's Office in the Court House.
ROBT. O. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.
Wellsboro, Jan. 24, 1877.

MAKE HOME HAPPY.
A Pictorial Gazette of Good Reading and Beautiful Pictures
WEEKLY AND TRI-WEEKLY
THE CINCINNATI
WEEKLY STAR,
A four eight-page paper, with all the latest news, choice family reading, and the best, fullest and most prompt market reports published in the country. It is independent in politics, gives all the news, and handles much reading matter found in higher priced papers. Every subscriber has three or four times the value in reading matter or pictures he receives for the money. Every subscriber also receives a copy of that beautiful engraving, "The Old Oaken Bucket," which is a perfect gem of art, and is worth the price of the paper for a year. Every subscriber is entitled to one chance in the distribution of a large number of valuable premiums, to be given away by the publishers of the STAR, on the 1st of January, 1878. Any other information in regard to the paper will be cheerfully given. Specimen copies sent free. Any one wishing to get up clubs will please send for terms, which are very liberal. Persons to whom we have already sent specimen copies of the paper will please consider themselves authorized to act as agents for the STAR, and we hope many of them will do so. We shall send a sample copy of the paper and a canvasser's outfit for 25 cts. Specimen copy of paper free. Address, THE STAR,
230 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.
MAKE HOME PLEASANT.

MARVIN'S
STANDARD
SAFES
COUNTER, PLATFORM, WAGON & TRACK
SCALES
THE BEST ARE
THE CHEAPEST
MARVIN SAFE & SCALE CO.
265 BROADWAY N.Y.
721 CHESTNUT ST. PHILA. PA.
117 SENECA ST. CLEVE. O.

The White
-18-

THE EASIEST SELLING;
THE BEST SATISFYING
Sewing Machine.
Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.
THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.
This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered as cheap now-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after sale) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.
THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.
IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SHUTTLE, RUNS AND WEED MAKE.
IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.
ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.
ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.
Do not Buy any other before trying THE WHITE.
Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.
AGENTS WANTED!
White Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, O.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

Addressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and

The M'Kean Miner.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 20, 1877.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m.

Preaching at Norwich at 2 p. m., and at Clermont at 6 p. m., every other Sabbath And Preaching at Barrett School House at 2p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Harbor school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH —Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro.
Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. S. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—P. B. Cotter, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—C. S. King, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—C. K. Sartwell, Smethport. *Deputy.*—J. R. Chadwick.
County Treasurer.—A. H. Mellory, Port Allegany. *Deputy.*—D. R. Hamlin, Smethport.
Commissioners.—Rej. Bunker, Orlando Gallup, Wm. A. Young.
County Clerk.—Jno. R. Chadwick, Smethport.
Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Mann, M. W. Fisher.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

BRIEF MENTION.

—Court next week.

—Fresh oysters at Wendel's.

—Judge Williams will be "on deck" next week.

—Potter county is absorbed with court and horse races this week.

—Rev. Rose will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday morning.

—Rev. Whiteside started for Conference on Monday, at Medina, N. Y.

—The Keystones play the Olean club to-day and the Franklinvilles to-morrow.

—Ed. Dolan, formerly of the Bradford House, is visiting the Hot Springs Kentucky.

—The Social Club has temporarily disbanded, the lease of their rooms having expired.

—The track of the Tuna Valley Driving Park at Tarport is graded and ready for use.

—William Cameron, brother of Hon. Simon Cameron, died at Lowisburg last Thursday, aged 81 years.

—The Olean club was badly beaten by the Anchors, of Salamanca last week Wednesday by a score of 17 to 3.

—The borough school is in full running order, with between one and two hundred pupils and three teachers.

—Politics have evidently "taken the back seat" in this county, crowded out by increasing interest in oil. 'Tis well.

—We are informed by District Attorney Cotter, that there will be at least fifty indictments before the Grand Jury at the coming term of Court.

—We understand that "Jabe" Beckwith is putting up a building at Sawyer City, into which he contemplates removing his billiard tables.

—Every one thinks their own potatoes are bigger and better than their neighbor's this year. It is a great year for mammoth vegetables.

—As the work progresses it is becoming very evident that C. K. Sartwell will have one of the finest residences in town when it is completed.

—We don't mean to be aggravating in the least, but we wonder if our Port Allegany friends have any old men or old women who can play base ball!

—The Williamsport School Board have named a new school building in that city for Thaddens Stevens, the father of the Common School system of the State.

—Our Port Allegany friends propose to get up a Base Ball Tournament, allowing all clubs of McKean, Potter and Cameron to enter. We wish them abundant success.

—A picked up nine comprising a portion of the Smethport and Farmers Valley clubs will play a friendly game with the Tarport club to-morrow, on grounds of the latter.

—Sheridan Gorton, while umpiring one of the match games last week, received the ball in his eye. He has since been nearly blind, and it will be some time before he recovers the full use of his eyes.

—We have received a proposition from some eastern lecture bureau stating that Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton will deliver a lecture for us for the sum of $30 and entertainment. We firmly declined. The $30 is cheap enough, but the "entertainment" is what staggers us. Not any, thank you.

—Ben. Goodenough, editor of the Mansfield *Advertiser*, has taken the stump as a temperance lecturer, and the smart local of the Elmira *Advertiser* cruelly suggests that if Ben. takes the stump as readily as he used to the other thing, Gough might as well throw up the sponge.

—A freight and passenger train collided on the P. & E. Road, near Muncy station, last Saturday morning. The engineer of the passenger train stood to his post and sacrificed his own life to save the lives of his passengers. His name is William Attig, and he leaves a wife and four children. Let a monument be erected to his memory.

—Freem. Chadwick has been bragging several days about a big tomato that would weigh over a pound. We thought the boy was "talking with his mouth," to use a slangy but expressive phrase, until the mammoth vegetable was brought into our office yesterday. It is certainly a "whopper." It weighs 31 ounces, and measures 15 inches around it. There is no use asking any one to beat it, for they can't.

—Rev. Whiteside preached his farewell sermon last Sunday for the past conference year.

—Wm. Pratt has a Winter squash in his garden measuring six feet and a half in circumference. No remarks.

—At a recent sale of short-horned cattle in England, a beast named "Fifth Dutchess of Hillhurst" was sold for $23,500.

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville, Olean, N. Y. tf

—Bishop Mullin conducted service in the Catholic church last Sunday, bestowing the rite of confirmation upon a number of applicants.

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W. H. Mandeville. tf

—The celebrated trotting horse, Rarus, has earned $9,000 for his owner on the turf the past season.

—Insure your property against loss or damage by fire with W. H. Mandeville, agent, Olean, N. Y. tf

—Neighbor Haskill, of the Bennett House, is never happy unless making improvements somewhere. His latest operations have been in building an addition to his barn.

—The Warren county republicans have nominated the following ticket: County Treasurer, Timothy E. Barnes; Surveyor, D. F. A. Wheelock; Trustee Warren Academy, W. W. Hague.

—The republicans of Tioga county have made the following nominations, Representative, Benjamin Dorrance; District Attorney, Horace B. Packer; County Treasurer, E. A. Fish.

—Haskill & Gifford have put up an oil tank, not at the well, but in their store. They are pumping from it at the rate of a large number of gallons a day, at 25 cents a gallon.

—If you want a fine silk hat, send to Cusack, practical Hatter, 187 Main St., Buffalo. 4p

—Davenport was killed by a quack doctor, who gave him 50 acid pills in rapid succession. They ruined the coating of his stomach, after which nothing could be done to save him.

—If you want your silk hat made over in the latest style, send it to Cusack, 187 Main St., Buffalo. 4p

—There is a deficit of $200,000 in the payment of the current expenses of the Tennessee State Government. This is a sample of Democratic "economy and reform."

—Insure yourself against Accidents in the Traveler's Insurance Company, with W. H. Mandeville, agent, Olean, N. Y. tf

—W. D. Gallup went to the city on Monday for a new stock of goods. Read his new advertisement in another column, then go and take a look at the goods.

—A. L. Hughes has severed his connection with the pipe lines of Bradford as gauger, says the *Era*. Frank King has been added to the force as assistant gauger.

—The Seaside Library now embraces forty numbers, each and all the works of the best writers of fiction. They only cost ten cents each, and A. B. Armstrong keeps them for sale.

—Notice Wendel's new advertisement in another column. He performs all he advertises, and we are safe in saying there is no better stocked grocery and provision house in northern Pennsylvania.

—All the candidates for State offices were on hand at the Berks county fair, at Reading. It was a good time to look upon and impress the "honest yeomanry." Full ten thousand people were present each day.

—The *Daily Derrick*, in its enlarged form, is one of the largest, as well as the best daily papers in the State. If you are interested in oil you cannot do without it. It's the "organ" of that commodity, and no mistake.

—The "waterspout," as the *Era* calls it in an account reprinted in another column, which devastated Kendall Creek last Thursday evening also did severe damage on Foster Brook and Knapp's Creek, and even extended into Ceres township.

—The Republican candidate for Representative in Tioga county, Mr. Dorrance, is a graduate of Alfred University. Enough. We have never known a graduate from our old *alma mater* who was not sound mentally and morally as well as politically. Mr. Dorrance can count upon our support.

—*A lady in Cleveland O., whose child* had been given up to die of cholera infantum, says the child was out of danger in three hours from the time she began giving Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. Price 25c, 50c and $1.

—J. Conklin, West Salamanca, has a beet in his garden which now measures 22 inches in circumference, and *is still* growing.—Bradford *Era*.

John Mullin, Smethport, has a beet in his garden that now measures 23 inches in circumference, and it has only just commenced to grow. Next!

—Casey, the catcher for the Keystones at the Tournament, called at this office on Monday. His call was brief, as he was in a hurry to get back to attend to his "barkpeeling job!" He is not only a "boss" base ballist, but appeared to be very much of a gentleman.

—The *Ray*, a small four column quarto, published at Parkesburg, and edited by Rev. J. L. Landis, lies before us. The editor will be remembered by many of our readers as a former pastor of the Presbyterian church at Condersport. He is also Principal of the Parkesburg Classical Institute. The paper is a very creditable sheet of its kind.

—An exchange says: "As this is the peach-canning season, it may be of interest to some of our lady readers to know that by dropping the fruit into hot saleratus water, and then into clear, cold water, they will be enabled to remove the skin from peaches as nicely as from tomatoes, and will preserve the bloom of the fruit almost perfectly."

—THE very much disputed question as to what constitutes a laboring man is settled by the *National Labor Tribune*, edited by the workingman's candidate for Auditor General. It says that "they are workingmen who labor with body or brain, or both; who are receiving compensation directly from individuals and corporations, or from society, of their services, in amounts somewhat appropriate to the amount and character of the labor performed." We judge that about everybody outside of the almshouse, except tramps, is a workingman under this definition.

A Merited Rebuke.

In another column we publish the indignant reply of our friend Sheridan Gorton to one "E.D.E." the anonymous author of the false and malicious assertions written to the Buffalo *Courier* of Tuesday, regarding the umpiring of the game between the Keystones and Smethports at the Base Ball Tournament last week. Mr. Gorton uses rather strong terms, but in our opinion and of those knowing the circumstances they are none too strong to meet the demands of the case. He could not have done justice to the subject in honeyed words. It is, in fact, as we have characterized it at the head of this article, a "merited rebuke" to a reckless and unprincipled writer.

In justice to Mr. Gorton, we are free to say that not a single assertion of "E. D. E.," in the said correspondence, reflecting upon his honesty as an umpire possesses an atom of truth, which statement can be substantiated by hundreds of witnesses of the game, and by every fair man in the Keystone club itself. The facts are that the Keystones entered the tournament with the most confident expectations of winning the first money. They had strengthened their team materially since their two recent defeats by the Smethports. They had secured a new catcher, in the person of Casey, who, if not a professional, had played more than one season with and against the crack clubs. They won their first game with the Clermont club. Gorton umpired the game, and the Keystones were enthusiastic in praise of his impartial ruling, and declared they would prefer him to any other man in the county, even if he was blind in one eye, for the reason that he understood the rules of the game better. In the preliminary arrangements for the game with the Smethports, the Keystones insisted upon the choice of Gorton for umpire. The Smethports as earnestly urged the selection of N. R. Bard, of Port Allegany, preferring him because he had umpired the two former games of the two clubs, and to give the Keystones no excuse for "kicking" if such were better. The Smethports finally gave way, and Gorton was chosen.

All went smoothly until after two innings had been played, when the score stood 9 to 4 in favor of the Smethports. Then the Keystones and their noisy backers in the crowd saw they were out-played, and there was trouble in the camp. The first decision against which the Keystone kicked was finally by the interference and direction of M. A. Sprague (who with Gorton was joint manager of the tournament) reversed and decided in favor of the Keystones. From that time to the close of the game every decision of the umpire concerning which there might be a question was given in favor of the Keystones, and "E.D.E." knows it as well as does every man who witnessed the game. Yet the Smethports won the game—and that is all that ails "E.D.E."

"E.D.E.'s" assertion that "many leading citizens were in no way backward in their condemnation of it," [the umpiring] *is an unblushing, barefaced lie.* At the close of the game no one expressed any complaints except a few of the more disappointed members of the Keystones and especially some three or four noisy outsiders from Port Allegany.

We had not intended, as we had not thought it necessary, to devote any more space to this uncalled for controversy, but the unwarranted, malicious and erroneous assertions of the *Courier* correspondent seemed to call for a plain statement of facts, with which we conclude our part of the controversy.

THE CROSS AND THE CRESCENT; or, Russia, Turkey, and the countries adjacent, in 1876-7.

The above is the title of a book of unusual interest at the present time. The attention of the whole civilized world is now attracted to the region around the shores of the Black Sea, and to the bloody conflict which has been waged for many months between the Muscovite and the Turk—Christian against Mohammedan. Yet, of the regions most directly and primarily concerned in this war, few have anything more than the most general and indefinite idea. It is the design of this work to meet the universal demand for information respecting the people of those countries and the questions involved in this great conflict. The author, Dr. Brockett, has been for 15 years Associate Editor of Appleton's Annual Cyclopedia, also author of over two thousand articles in Appleton's New American Cyclopedia. He has been for over 25 years a close student of geography, history and biography, and is one of the most cultured and popular authors of our time. The volume contains over 500 large octavo pages, and numerous illustrations. Michael Lynch is agent for this county, and we would advise every one who can afford it to secure a copy of the work.

—The earnings of the B., N. Y. & P. Railway for the first eight months of 1877, compared with the first eight months of 1876 were larger by over fifty thousand dollars.

—James' Cough Pills may be relied on as being superior to all other Cough remedies, in weakness or soreness of the lungs, tightness of chest, wheezing, difficulty of breathing, chronic inflamation of lungs, and consumption. 47-2p

—The Clinton *Republican* reports the shipment of lumber by rail and canal from Lock Haven for the week ending August 26th at 432,000 feet, making the total shipment in 1877 22,219,000 feet, which is an increase for the same time in 1876 of 4,174,000 feet.

—An editor of a Western paper gives the following as an editorial career:

Report	Times.	
Been asked to drink	11,302	
Drank		11,302
Requested to retract	612	
Didn't retract		612
Invited to parties, receptions, presentations, etc., etc., by parties taking for puffs	2,333	
Took the hint		33
Didn't take the hint		2,300
Threatened to be whipped	174	
Been whipped		8
Whipped the other fellow		4
Didn't come to time		170
Been promised bottles of champaigne, whisky, gin, bitters, boxes of cigars, etc., if we would go after them	3,650	
Been after them		6
Going again		0
Been asked, "what's the news?"	200,000	
Told		12
Didn't know		200,000
Lied about it		92,857
Been to church	2	
Changed politics	62	
Expected to change still	20	
Have for charity	$5.00	
Gave for a tarrier dog	$33.00	
Cash on hand	$0.00	

Man Killed at Alton.

A dispatch was received here from Alton Monday evening stating that a man had been run over and killed by the cars at that place. His name was Nicholas Keehn, a Frenchman. He had been living there about two years, and was in the employ of Mr. Butts. It is not known that he had any friends. We are not informed at this writing of the particulars of his death.

Fall and Winter Clothing.

M. L. Armstrong has received from Wanamaker & Brown, Philadelphia, samples of Fall and Winter goods from which his patrons are invited to make their selections. A perfect and stylish fit is guaranteed and if not satisfactory can be returned free of expense. He will also sell cloths by the yard or piece to those who prefer having them made up at home. Call and see samples and get prices.

The Olean and Bradford Railroad.

The reporter of the *Derrick* announces that the project of a railroad to connect Olean with Bradford by a railroad is in a fair way to be carried to completion at an early day. Mr. Marcus Hulings and F. G. Babcock are the ruling spirits in the enterprise. The officers are to consist of M. Hulings, President; F. H. Babcock, Secretary and Treasurer; M. Hulings, G. V. Forman, F. G. Babcock, John Knox, A. L. Wilcox and S. R. Boyer, Directors. It is to be a narrow gauge road and organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of $150,000, in shares of $100 each.

The United States.

It is a matter of unqualified pleasure in this review of Buffalo trade, to call the attention of the travelling public to this establishment; knowing as it does that it is excelled by no hotel in the land. It is a matter of surprise and congratulation among travelers, when they find themselves here in the West, absolutely enjoying all the comforts and advantages of a thoroughly metropolitan house.

The hotel contains ninety rooms for guests, arranged singly and *en suite*, all spacious and elegantly furnished. By sagacious forethought, the usual dismal, cramped appearance of the majority of hotels, and the execrable ventilation which is unavoidable in the customary narrow entries, is obviated by the wide and lofty halls which extend through the entire depth of the building in each story. The rooms open into these halls, which are elaborately furnished, and are most delightfully cool and attractive.

The dining room, offices and reception rooms are located on the first floor, ladies' ordinary and reception rooms on the second floor.

The thorough knowledge and practical experience of Messrs. D. Bonney & Son, proprietors, has been most amply tested in the years of their management, and received the universal endorsement of the local and traveling public as unexceptionable in all its departments.—*Buffalo Port and Trade List.*

Letter From Sheridan Gorton.

IN REPLY TO THE UNPROVOKED ATTACK OF THE "COURIER" CORRESPONDENT.

To the Editor of the Miner:

Noticing a communication from Port Allegany in the *Courier* of Sept. 19th, whose chief import and aim seemed to be an entirely unprovoked assault upon my character as a fair dealing and honest man, I think it due the people of McKean county that a fair statement of the facts in the case should be presented to them. Perhaps it would be better to sit quietly down, and let the events of the future demonstrate the falsehood of such insinuations and lies, as mean and low as they are malicious. But it is not the nature of any man to stand still under such an unparalelled attack, defamation and duplicity.

One can at once see that the expression of that article are fit excrement to emanate from the unprincipled mind of its little noted but most notorious writer. Were it not known, no thoughtful man would for a moment consider such a malignant accusation, couched in such boorish terms under a *nom de plume*. But he tries to take every advantage of his own meanness. Not being able, or else afraid, to put his filthy babble in the county paper in his own town, where an honest man would have presented his grievances, he sends his communication, odorous with the stench of his own putridity, to a journal of extensive circulation, whose editor knew nothing of either party, knowing full well that it will not only be read by those who were interested in the result of the tournament, but by my many acquaintances throughout Western New York. He has not the manhood to come out openly and make his false assertions to me and to the people of McKean County, but, like the thief in the dark and the sneak he is, he must throw his filth from under cover. He, in a sneering manner calls me a "young law student." I know I am a young man, and expect and wish to be a student of the law all my life; but he has perhaps forgotten, amid the dim and dusky obscurity of his own noisome den, that I am a member of the bar of the Empire State, as honorable and learned a body of men as is even the bar of our own glorious Commonwealth. I soon hope to become one of the latter, and it is to be regretted that so honorable a body of men as the McKean County bar should have anything to do with such an excrescence upon society as the writer of the said article. I had thought to give a full account of the facts of the tournament, but will leave that for other hands. Perhaps the miserable viper will show himself now openly, but I do not think he has the manhood, nor even the ability, to stand out unsupported by his natural foul and unwholesome surroundings.

SHERIDAN GORTON.

—A writer puts a good deal of good sense and a good many p's in small space in the following: Persons who patronize papers should pay promptly, for the pecuniary prospects of the press have peculiar power in pushing forward public prosperity. If the printer is paid promptly, and his pocket book kept plethoric by prompt-paying patrons, he puts his pen to paper in peace; he paints his pictures of passing events in more pleasant colors, and the perusal of his paper is of more pleasure to the people. Paste this piece of proverbial philosophy in some place where all persons can perceive it. Be pleased, also, to ponder upon it thyself patiently, preseveringly and profitably, and persistently practice its precepts perpetually.

OIL ITEMS.

Gathered from Here and There.

—About twenty wells have been completed in the Bradford district since the 1st of September.

—The Drillers of the Ehland Tioga Co. oil well have a fishing job on hand. Tools in the bottom of the well.

—The Knapps Creek Oil Company's well on the Baker farm is said to be pumping about two inches per day in the tank.

—The *Era* says Wilcox & Benton are putting up a rig on lands east of Knapp's Creek, about two miles from the B. N. Y. & P. R. R.

—Contrary to the reports of last week, the casing of the Sartwell well was pulled last Friday, and the tools and all carted off by the contractor.

—The Big Shanty well has suffered another attempt to cause it to produce liberally by the use of the drill. The result is not satisfactory.—*Derrick.*

—About 1300 acres of the Babcock & Hulings tract, on Foster Brook, have been sold at prices ranging from $150 to $300 per acre, and about the same amount has been leased.

—An oil company has been organized at Panama, N. Y. with a capital stock of $30,000. About 600 acres of territory have been leased, upon which operations are to commence at once.

—A number of the farmers of Otto township who were hopelessly involved in debt, have taken advantage of the Knapp's Creek oil excitement to sell portions of their farms at prices that lift them clear of debt and leave them a comfortable surplus. Those who are wise do so, but the foolish hesitate and higgle, until the demand passes by, and they are finished by being left in a worse condition than before.

—A *Derrick* correspondent writes from Bradford under date of the 16th inst: "The enormous rush continues. Operators from all sections are arriving daily, and new men from surrounding towns who never before invested a dollar in oil property are here picking up property. As a consequence, oil territory and wells have enhanced in value somewhat during the past thirty days, and especially during the past two weeks. The advance, however, has not been enormous, or greater than might have been expected under such a pressure. But few outside of Bradford are aware of "new men" present, and of the amount of land that has passed to second and third hands during the past week."

Another Waterloo.

Last Saturday the Little Giants, of Port Allegany, played a match game with the third nine of the Smethport club on the grounds of the latter. Both clubs were composed of boys of not over 15 years of age. The Smethport boys won an easy victory, the score standing 49 to 9 in their favor. The game passed off very pleasantly, the little fellows showing better sense than their elders by accepting their defeat without whining or growling.

The Kendall Creek Deluge.

From the Era of Saturday.

A most disastrous flood occasioned by the bursting of a water spout at the valley of Kendall Creek occurred Thursday evening resulting in the destruction of a large amount of private property, the breaking of pipe lines, carrying out of bridges and tearing up of roads, &c., generally. So unexpectedly was the rise in the creek that no effort made by residents or operatives could do anything to stay the destruction, and many had to leave their houses and work to save their lives. The creek is said by some to have risen five feet in 20 minutes, which gave but little time to look to personal safety, aside from caring for property. The principal damages as far as we have been able to learn them are as follows: Hoffman well on the Hollenback farm, the tank house was carried away and destroyed. The tank was moved twenty feet and the pipe connecting with the line was withdrawn allowing the oil to the amount of fifty barrels to escape. Next below was Schoonover's well, the *rig* of which was turned around one quarter and now stands the other way with the world.—The well was completely overflowed and filled from bottom to *top there being no packer in it. The* damage to the rig and machinery is near $500, and what damage may have occurred to the well it is impossible to say yet and cannot be told until the rig is erected over the hole and the well started up again. Mr. Schoonover's tank was disconnected from the line but fortunately only about 30 or 40 barrels of oil were in the tank which was lost. The tank house is lost and the tank "gone west." The Anchor Petroleum Co., on the Hollenback farm, had a stave torn from a tank containing 225 barrels of oil by a log being thrown against the line by the rush of water, all of which was lost of course. The tank house in this instance also was destroyed. J. W. Knox & Co., had a tank containing about one hundred barrels of oil destroyed. A great many small receiving tanks were carried away but can be gathered up and brought to place again. Pat Sullivan, who lives in the valley, was awoke by the knocking of a saw log at the door and had just time to get his wife, child and himself out to higher land and later quarters by *wading waist deep in water to the shore* in their night clothes. The flat near the creek on the Whipple farm is strewn with the wrecks of buildings, tanks, saw logs, pipes and every other property that suffered by the flood. The loss to moveable property is estimated by some at $3,000, and by others as high as $5,000, neither of these estimates including the Schoonover well. During the excitement it was reported that a man was in the water and like to be lost, and search was made at the time to find him, but as nothing definite was learned of him, and inasmuch as we have no report of any one missing, it is believed that the report was groundless. All the pipe connections on the creek were broken, the bridges and culverts on the road carried out and the road in a measure left impassable. The bridge across Kendall Creek, just below Tarport, on the Foster Brook road is out, occasioning great inconvenience to teamsters, who are obliged to drive their heavy loads through the creek, It should be rebuilt immediately.

—A new workingman's paper, just started in St. Louis, is showing what its idea of the value of labor is by paying its type-setters twenty cents a thousand, while the other papers, which are not labor organs, are paying forty cents. There isn't any humbug about this, of course.

Attention, Voters!

No person is entitled to vote at the coming election, presuming that he has been duly assessed, unless, in addition, he has paid a State or county tax one month previous to the day for voting. Foreign born citizens must also take out their last papers a month in advance of election day.

The election will be held Tuesday, November 6.

Saturday, October 6, is the last day for paying taxes and taking out naturalization papers.

Persons entitled to naturalization can take out their last papers at any term of Court previous to the 6th day of October,

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. M. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week, after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR, }
D. C. YOUNG, } Executors.
F. N. TAYLOR, }

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 14, 1876.-tf

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. } In Bankruptcy.

JOHN B. MYERS, of Bradford, Pa., a Bankrupt under the Act of March 2d, 1867, has applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable against his estate. By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given, to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 17th day of October, 1877, at 10 o'clock a.m., before F. M. Smith, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in the Borough of Bradford, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further Notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. MCCANDLESS, Clerk.

68-3p

NOTICE.

The Subscriber having been appointed Receiver for the late firm of Leonard & Means, all persons indebted to said firm must make immediate payment to me, and claims against said firm will be filed with me for adjustment. I will attend at Keating on the third Saturday of each month for the settlement of said claims.

L. B. FLETCHER.

Kane, Aug. 9, 1877.

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of Administration to the Estate of William W. Griffith, late of Wetmore township, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the estate of the said decedent will make know the same without delay to

JOHN P. GRIFFITH,
MJENNIE GRIFFITH,
Administrators.

Kane, Pa. July 26, 1877.-6p

CAUTION.

WHEREAS, my wife Elsie Marie Sanderson having left my bed and board I will not answerable for any debts she may contract in my name after this date.

DANIEL W. SANDERSON.

Knapp's Creek, Pa., Aug. 21, 1877.-3p

MARY SMITH BY HER NEXT } No 92, Feby. T.
FRIEND PATRICK NORTON, } In the Common
vs. GEORGE SMITH. } Pleas M'Kean Co

SUBPOENA IN DIVORCE.

TAKE NOTICE that the above writ of Subpoena has been issued by order of Court, and you are hereby notified to be and appear at our Court of Common Pleas to be held at Smethport, on the fourth Monday of September next (it being the return day of our next term of Court) and answer the complaint of the libellant filed in the above case.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 24, 1877.-4c

CITATION.

In the matter of the petition of John Trotton for the specific performance of contract by the Administrators and heirs at law of Patrick Kelliher, deceased.

WHEREAS Citation by the order of court issued on June 4th, 1877, to Henry King, Administrator of Patrick Kelliher, deceased, John Kelliher, Jeremiah Kelliher, Mary Kelliher, Catherine Trotton, and Jane Kelliher, mother of the minor children of Morris Kelliher, deceased, Theresa Kelliher, John Kelliher and Anna Kelliher, returnable on the 20th day of June, 1877. Which said Citation was duly returned on oath of John Trotton, served on all the above named except John Kelliher, and as to him not found nor any trace of his residence for the last twelve years. Now therefore, motion on part of John Trotton, petitioner, that an alias Citation be issued to John Kelliher, that the same be served by publication according to law, commanding him to appear on the 24th day of September next before the Judges of the Orphans' Court of McKean County, then and there to answer the petition of the said John Trotton for the specific performance of contract.

JOHN C. BACKUS,
Attorney for Petitioner.

And now June 23, 1877, the within Citation granted, and it is ordered that the same be published in two newspapers in McKean County, Pa., at least two insertions before the return day thereof.

By the Court.

THE SEASIDE LIBRARY.

Choice books no longer for the few only. The best standard novels within the reach of every one. Books usually sold from $1 to $2 given (unabridged and unabridged) for 10 and 20 cents.

1. EAST LYNNE, By Mrs. Harry Wood (Double No.) 20c
2. JOHN HALIFAX, GENT, By Miss Mulock 20c
3. JANE EYRE, By Charlotte Bronte. (Double No.) 20c
4. A WOMAN-HATER, Charles Reade's new novel 20c
5. THE BLACK INDIES, Jules Verne's latest 10c
6. LAST DAYS OF POMPEII, By Bulwer 10c
7. ADAM BEDE, By Geo. Eliot. (Double No.) 20c
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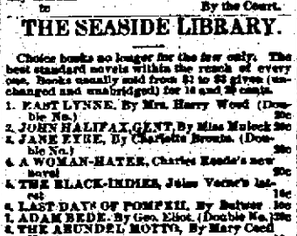
9. OLD MIDDLETON'S MONEY, By Mary Cecil Hay 10c
10. THE WOMAN IN WHITE, By Wilkie Collins 20c
11. THE MILL ON THE FLOSS, By George Eliot 20c
12. THE AMERICAN SENATOR, By Anthony Trollope 20c
13. A PRINCESS OF THULE, By William Black 20c
14. THE DEAD SECRET, By Wilkie Collins 10c
15. ROMOLA, By Geo. Eliot. (Double No.) 20c
16. THE ENGLISH AT THE NORTH POLE AND FIELD OF ICE. In one book. By Jules Verne 10c
17. HIDDEN PERILS, By Mary Cecil Hay 10c
18. BARBARA'S HISTORY, By Amelia B. Edwards 20c
19. A TERRIBLE TEMPTATION, By Charles Reade 10c
20. OLD CURIOSITY SHOP, By Charles Dickens 20c
21. FOUL PLAY, By Charles Reade 20c
22. MAN AND WIFE, By Wilkie Collins 20c
23. THE SQUIRE'S LEGACY, By Mary Cecil Hay 10c

For sale by all Booksellers and Newsdealers, or sent, postage prepaid, on receipt of price by GEORGE MUNRO, PUBLISHER, 21, 23, and 25 Vandewater St., N. Y. P. O. Box 5047.

M. L. Armstrong,

Dealer in



Agent for
ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS
in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

At Farmers Valley.

A Tailor, late of Smethport, has opened a New Tailor Shop at Farmers Valley, near the depot. Patronage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

12-21-1y A. TURNER.

AT

J. P. WENDEL'S

LEADING

GROCERY & PROVISION

Of McKean County **HOUSE** Of McKean County

No. 82, Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA. No. 82,

Can be found the best and most complete assortment of

Groceries and Provisions,

and all other Goods usually kept in a first-class GROCERY HOUSE.

Flour, Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Syrups, Molasses, Pork, Salt, Lard, Smoked Meats of all kinds.

FRESH OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

FRESH and DRIED FRUITS of all kinds. CROCKERY and GLASSWARE by the Wholesale and Retail.

We also keep a full assortment of

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES.

and all other fancy articles, GLOVES and MITTENS. Fine TOBACCOS and CIGARS.

We defy competition in prices of all our stock.

FALL STOCK

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. D. GALLUP'S.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Millinery & Fancy Goods, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, GROCERIES, ETC.

STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

9 POUNDS of SOAP made in ONE HOUR!

Nine Pounds of PURE SOAP made with only Three Pounds of Grease, five quarts of Water and One Can of this Improved Lye.

Only one hour of steady boiling required!

E. M. ANTHONY, Sole Agent, 104 Reade Street, New York.

Every Can Warranted as Represented.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD.

Time Table went into effect Monday, May 21st, 1877, at 11.10 o'clock a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Larrabee.....Leaves	11.10 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Frisbee	11.20 "	4.07 "
Farmers Valley	11.26 "	4.19 "
Smethport	11.40 "	4.40 "
Crosby	12.04 p.m.	5.07 "
Colegrove	12.07 "	5.07 "
Hamlin	12.13 "	5.07 "
Warrant	"	"
Clermont.....Arrives	12.20 "	5.20 "

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Clermont.....Leaves	1.30 p.m.	5.00 p.m.
Warrant	"	"
Hamlin	"	"
Colegrove	1.35 "	5.30 p.m.
Crosby	2.00 p.m.	"
Summerhurst	2.20 "	7.00 "
Farmers Valley	2.33 "	7.15 p.m.
Frisbee	2.44 "	"
Larrabee.....Arrives	2.52 "	7.25 "

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

A. V. GODDEN, *Superintendent.*

BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Trains run on Buffalo time. Time table went into effect on Sunday, May 20th, 1877. No trains run on Sunday.

MAIL.	EXPRESS.	STATIONS. SOUTH.	STATIONS. NORTH.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
a.m.	p.m.			p.m.	a.m.
1 30	4 30	Dep.....Smethport.....Arr	Dep	7 00	9 30
7 05	6 15	Kane		1 05	7 00
7 55	6 50	Aurora		0 15	7 32
8 06	7 12	Arcade		5 57	6 43
8 28	7 28	Yorkshire		5 40	6 23
9 03	7 38	Machias		5 25	6 12
9 22	7 54	Franklinville		5 15	6 00
9 35	8 20	Hinsdale		4 54	5 38
10 16	8 32	Erie R. R. Junction		4 15	5 00
10 17	8 34	Machias		4 12	4 59
10 22		Western		4 07	
10 31		Portville		3 58	
10 40		Knapp Line		3 47	
10 53		Olean		3 34	
11 05		East Eastern		3 19	
11 09		Sartwell		3 16	
11 14		Turtle Point		3 08	
11 20		Port Allegany		3 02	
11 40		Liberty		2 42	
11 50		Keating		2 31	
12 15		Shippen		1 58	
12 30		Emporium.....Dep	Dep	1 40	

Stage runs between Elma and Marilla, connecting with all trains.

Stage runs between Arcade and Springville, connecting with all trains.

For Bradford and the New Oil Territory, direct connections are made at Olean with the Erie Railway.

Fare as low as by any other Route.

LEGAL and Blank Printing a Specialty at the MINER office.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 26, 1876, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves	Emporium	4.40 p. m.	
" " "	Driftwood	5.55 p. m.	
" " "	Emporium	6.50 p. m.	
" " arr. at	Kane	8.30 p. m.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11.30 a. m

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

Hardware,

SMETHPORT, PA.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Adzes, Axes, Augers, Auger Bits, Awls, Axle Clips, Axle Grease, Apple Parers, Barndoor Hinges, Barndoor Rails, Barndoor Rollers, Base Knobs, Bath Brick, Bed Castors, Bell Cords, Beef Pounders, Bells, Bench Hooks, Bench Screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind Butts, Blind Staples, Bolts of all kinds, Bootjacks, Borax, Boring Machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull Rings, Butts of all kinds, Candlesticks, Cake Turners, Calipers, Caps, Percussion, Carpet Stretchers, Cartridges, Castors, Catches,

Cattle Leaders, Chains of all kinds, Chalk Lines, Chalk, Chucks, Chisels of all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes Lines, Clothes Wringers, Coal Hods, Coffee Mills, Corn Cutters, Corn Poppers, Crowbars, Currycombs, Curtain Pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dividers, Dog Collars, Draw Shaves, Egg Beaters, Expansive Bits, Faucets, Felloe Plates, Files, Fluting Machines, Forks of all kinds, Fry Pans, Gate Hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's Points, Glue, Glue Pots, Grain Sickles, Gridirons, Gunpowder,

Grindstones, Gun Nipples, Hammers, Hand Vises, Handles of all kinds, Hatchets, Hay Knives, Hinges of all kinds, Hoes, Hooks of all kinds, Horse Pokes, Horse Rakes, Horse Hoes, Iron of all kinds, Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lanterns, Levels, Locks, Mallets, Match Safes, Measuring Tapes, Meat Cutters, Mortar Guards, Mop Sticks, Mouse Traps, Mowing Machines, Nails, Oils, Oilers, Oil Stones, Picks, Picture Nails, Planes, Pulleys,

Pumps, Plows, Rakes, Razors, Rivets, Rules, Safety Fuse, Sandpaper, Sausages, Saws of all kinds, Scissors, Scoops — Coal and Grain, Screwdrivers, Screws, Scythes, Sheep Shears, Shot, Shovels, Sieves, Spades, Spoons, Squares, Stoves, Tacks, Tea Kettles, Tobacco Boxes, Tongs, Trowels, Tinware of all kinds, Vises, Varnish, Wad Cutters, Washers, Whiffletree Hooks, White Lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheelbarrows, etc.

Also Agent for the Reliable Grover & Baker S. M. Co.

Call and See Late Improvements, etc., on this machine.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS,

Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY.

WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water St., Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE.

1st. A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR, with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements:

2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER OR CASTORD, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bane of rooms; being, in fact, a Rocker on Castors, a desideratum that has long been sought for.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.,

and for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, one of the Pioneer Journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican Party. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and it has a reading circle superior to the Northern Counties of this State.

Worst of Wishes.

That man is unfortunate, indeed, who has nobody to envy his happiness.

True zeal will always inculcate moderation without diminishing a conspicuous intrepidity.

If mankind are unhappy it is of little consequence what occasions the disquietude. Real and imaginary evils are synonymous.

The world is as a cocoanut; there is the vulgar outside shell good for beer-cups; and the white delicate kernel, the real worth, food for the gods.

Never pronounce a man to be a willful niggard until you have seen the contents of his purse. The distribution should be in accordance with the receipts.

It seems to be the business of life to lay by fresh cause for anxiety and discontent by increasing our estate; whereas we should rather know how to lose it all, and yet be contented.

There is more virtue in obscurity than is commonly supposed; and perhaps there have been nobler specimens of magnanimity in low life than even the page of history can boast.

There are some people who, though very amiable in the main, and obliging in their offices to others have yet that most unhappy propensity of being gloomy over everything.

Prudery is often the mantle chosen to conceal triumphant vice. Where inward remorse prevails, there will always be a corresponding absurdity in affecting genuine virtue.

The just man says: "Do not let me hurt;" the good man says: "Let me bless." The just man says: "Let me take nothing from my fellow men;" the good man says: "Let me bestow upon them." The just man says: "Let me be pure; the good man says: "Let me draw all men into purity." One is equitable; the other is benevolent. One seeks his own perfectness; the other seeks the welfare of those about him."

An Original Incident.

The Russo-Turkish war revives an old story. A Turkish and Russian officer once fell into a dispute as to the superiority in discipline of their respective soldiers.

"I can prove to you on the spot," said the Russian, "how perfectly our men are trained." And he called his orderly.

"Ivan!"

"Sir."

"Go to Mehemet's, buy me a pound of tobacco, and come back at once."

The soldier saluted, turned on his heel and went out.

"Now," said the Russian officer, taking out his watch, "my orderly is walking straight to the next corner, where he must turn—now he is turning—now he is opposite the white mosque—now he is crossing the *maydana*—now he is at Mehemet's—now he is buying the tobacco—now he is coming back—now he is on the block below us—now he is at the door—now"—and the Russian called out:

"Ivan!"

"Sir."

"Where's the tobacco?"

"Here, sir."

The Turkish officer, showing no sign of surprise at the precision of this Russo-tobacco movement, promptly broke out: "Ho! ho! my soldier can do that every day in the week," and he called:

"Muhctar!"

"Sir."

"Go to Ali Effendi's, and see that you bring me a pound of tobacco. My pipe is empty."

"Instantly, sir."

Following the tactics of the Russian officer, the Turk pulled out his watch and went on:

"Now Muhctar is in the street; now he is passing the *palyscock* bazaar; now it is noon and he is saying his prayers; now he is drinking at the stone fountain; now Ali Effendi hails him and asks about my health; now Muhctar is paying for the tobacco; now he is coming back by another way; now he is on our street; now he is at the door; now"—

"Muhctar!" shouted the officer.

"Sir."

"Where is the tobacco?"

"I haven't found my shoes yet!"

A Battle Between Ants.

C. C. Brown, in his "Camp and Canoe Life in British Guiana," describes a battle between tamrians (large ants, which do not build nests, but occupy old wasps' nests or hollow trees) and yackamans, which are nest builders. The scene of the battle was a hollow tree, the home of a colony of tamrians, surrounded by a patch of white sand:

A band from a column of yackamans crossed the sand, and climbing the tree, entered the home of the tamrians, where they were met by the inhabitants, and the fight commenced; but as the former poured in by thousands the fight was carried on in the hollow tree, lasting for about a quarter of an hour. During that time many yackamans were seen coming out of the hole carefully bearing their wounded comrades, some of whom were lifeless, and making off across the sand in the direction taken by the main column. Then soon all began to pour out again, but these carried the dead bodies of the unfortunate tamrians, of which probably not one had escaped. The band then marched off in a long line, and on their way had to ascend a steep rise in the sand, up which many of them, who had lost a leg or two, could not climb, but had to roll down. Then it was that the assistive number exhibited their wonderful tenacity. As a wounded one was struggling up, many of its assistive and unwounded comrades made a circle round it together, lifted it, and so dragged each by turn, they advancing slowly in a compact mass behind, so that at last it was ascending and rolled down, it, its not go far before it was brought up against their bodies. Sometimes they almost shoved it up, and [illegible] to the top, made off, and left it to plod along the level by itself. This was not an isolated instance, but was done repeatedly by separate gangs of ants.

The British House of Commons consists of 658 members, 499 of whom are returned by English and Welsh, sixty by Scotch, and 105 by Irish constituencies. Though it has varied in the past, the [illegible] has remained at the mystical number of 658 since the union with Ireland in the close of the last century, in spite of the numerous changes which have been made in the distribution of the electoral franchise by reform bills within the last fifty years.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Interesting Items, from Home and Abroad.

A party of four men at Wapakoneta, Ohio, surprised Mr. Myers, the county treasurer, while on his way home at night from a festival, took him to the court house, and there tortured him by fire, until he disclosed the combination of the safe. The robbers secured about $40,000 and fled. Mr. Myers was discovered next morning and released from his painful position.....William M. Tweed was brought before a committee of New York aldermen, appointed to investigate the Tweed ring, and began a history of the transactions in which he had participated, and an enumeration of the names of alleged corrupt city and State officials, with whom he had been associated and who had aided him in the nefarious practices.....At Steubenville, Ohio, a freight train jumped the track and ran down an embankment, causing the death of Robert Davis and more or less severe injuries to a number of others.....The election in California has resulted probably in a Democratic majority in the Legislature on joint ballot.....At Camp Robinson, Neb., Crazy Horse, the well-known Indian chief, while attempting to escape from the guard house, in which he had been confined, received injuries which ended in his death on the following day.....John Jenkins was killed and several other miners were injured by an explosion of gas in the Phoenix Park mine, near Minersville, Pa.....Joseph Johnson, a blacksmith, has been nominated by the workingmen of Baltimore as their candidate for mayor.

The Democrats have a majority of about thirty-eight in the California Legislature, which will give them a successor to Senator Sargent.....The President and wife, Attorney-General Devens and Postmaster-General Key were present at a soldiers' reunion in Marietta, Ohio. The President and members of the cabinet made addresses.....The yellow fever prevailed in Fernandina, Fla.....At Harrisburg, Pa., a number of men who took part in the recent railroad riots were imprisoned in jail for terms ranging from two to eight months, and were fined sums of from $20 to $510.....M. Thiers is succeeded in the leadership of the French Republicans by Leon Gambetta.....The American Pharmaceutical Association held its twenty-fifth annual meeting in Toronto, Ontario. The chief cities of the United States were represented, and papers of interest to the profession were read and discussed.

The Indians Soldiers' Orphans' Home at Knightstown was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $100,000, on which there is $20,000 insurance.....The funeral of Thiers, the French statesman, in Paris, was attended by a vast number of persons, many coming from all parts of France to pay the last tribute of respect to the distinguished deceased. The streets along which the funeral procession passed were filled with spectators. At Washington the flags over the public buildings were raised at half mast as a mark of respect to the eminent French Republican.....At Deerfield, Mass., Dr. S. W. Swasy, a well-known physician of Springfield, fell over a railroad bridge and was killed.....An unusually large number of tramps have been prowling along the line of the Pennsylvania railroad in Lancaster county, Pa., and their crimes have been numerous and frequent, hardly a hamlet in the county escaping their depredations.....The well-known New York publisher of illustrated periodicals, Frank Leslie, has failed and made an assignment of his property to L. W. Engled, publisher of the *Sun*, who will manage the affairs of the concern. The publication of Mr. Leslie's papers will continue as heretofore.....The Revere House and other buildings in Brattleboro, Vt., were burned by a fire originating in a stable. Loss, $65,000; insured.....Two old people named Fitzgerald were murdered with a sledgehammer at their home near Hillsboro, Md.....According to cable dispatches the town of Plevna was taken by the Russians after a fierce battle. The city of Nicsics is also said to have capitulated to the Russian forces.

Thomas F. Curley was hanged in Norristown, Pa., on September 19, for the murder of Mary Ann Whitby, a fellow servant, on a farm, in May, 1875. The motive of the deed was anger at Miss Whitby's refusal to corroborate a lie which Curley had told his employer. The murderer, who was but twenty years old, displayed remarkable coolness on the scaffold.....The election in Maine resulted in the success of the Republicans. The Greenback party developed an unlooked-for strength.....The twelve apostles of the Mormon Church at Salt Lake City have issued an epistle to the Mormons, claiming to have received a revelation from God directing them to preside over the church, without electing a new prophet.....A shock of earthquake was felt at Mount Holly, N. J., on the tenth. Houses were shaken and crockery was broken.....The fifth annual prize meeting of riflemen, opened at Creedmoor, near New York.....Four boys in a rowboat were run down by a ferryboat on the Hudson river, at New York, and three of them were drowned.....In a five-mile swimming match at Long Branch between George H. Wade, the American champion, and Frank Prince, of St. Louis, the former was defeated.

Senator Bayard, of Delaware, and others addressed a large audience gathered at Cheddsford, Pa., in commemoration of the centennial of the battle of Brandywine.....William E. Smith was nominated for governor of Wisconsin at the Republican State convention held in Madison. Regarding the Southern policy of the President, the platform adopted says: "In the efforts of the present administration to restore peace and concord to the South we recognize a magnanimous purpose to remove every semblance of lawlessness and violence. We hope that this magnanimity will be duly appreciated and the reciprocal pledges made by prominent citizens and officials of the South will be faithfully kept. We shall rejoice if the Southern policy of the President produces the hoped-for results of order and peace, but if these results shall not follow this experiment we demand that other measures be adopted which shall secure to all citizens, without distinction of race or color, the fullest enjoyment of their constitutional rights." The platform also declares unshaken confidence in the purposes and patriotism of the President; says that all efforts of the national Executive, in the direction of civil service reform, should be fairly considered; rejoices at the near approach of the resumption of specie payment, and holds the silver dollar should be restored to its former place as money; opposes the further bestowal of public lands upon railroad corporations, and expresses sympathy for the workingmen.....The New York Democratic convention will be held on October 3, at Albany.....John Van Liemn, an old resident and prominent farmer of Columbia county, Pa., was found lying dead on the public road. He had been shot, cut and brained.....M. Gambetta, leader of the Republican party in France, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and fined 2,000 francs, for failing to respond to a judicial summons. The action of the tribunal was stigmatized by Gambetta's followers as "a villainous misuse of power."

The Inter-State military match, at Creedmoor, was won by a team of twelve men from California, on a score of 932: Connecticut coming next with 921, and New York following with 907; the prize is a bronze statue, valued at $350. The champion's match, for a gold medal worth $100, was won by Major Fulton, on a score of 139 out of a possible 150. The Wimbleton Cup, valued at $500—a prize presented by the riflemen of Great Britain to the riflemen of America, to be competed for annually—was won by Dudley Selph, of New Orleans, on a score of 127 out of a possible 150, at 1,000 yards.....The British ship Avalanche, from London for New Zealand, collided with the British ship Forrest, from London for New York, and both vessels foundered, over one hundred persons losing their lives.....The Prohibitionist party, in Massachusetts, nominated R. C. Pitman for governor. Other officers were nominated and a platform adopted, declaring that "no party can settle the policy of the State toward the liquor question without an open, avowed party issue."..... The Prohibitionists of Pennsylvania met in Harrisburg, and nominated a State ticket, headed by A. H. Wisken for supreme judge.....The forty-sixth exhibition of the American Institute was opened in New York.

Almost Blown Up.

The chemical works of Charles Kunsler, corner of Flushing and Evergreen avenues, Brooklyn, N. Y., was blown up between eleven and twelve o'clock one night recently, and John Rens, a Deputy United States Marshal, came very near losing his life. The works had been seized the day before by one of the United States marshals, on suspicion that illicit whisky was being manufactured there. The proprietor, Kunsler, was arrested and locked up, and Rens was watching the premises. Just before midnight he started on an exploration made with a lighted match. His explorations were short, for he suddenly saw a blue flame, as of alcoholic vapor, rising up about him and made his way to the door in terror. He had got but a few feet from the works when there was a loud explosion, and the timber, shingles, and a pickle factory which Bernard Brady owned in one part of the building went up. The timbers and pickles flew all about the deputy marshal, but he escaped uninjured. Brady, who was very angry at his loss, raved round for a while and meeting the deputy told him it would have been a small loss if he had gone up with the factory. The deputy is of a contrary opinion. The loss is estimated at $10,000.

Who "Sitting Bull" Is.

A correspondent of a New York paper at Fort Walsh, in the British Northwest Territories, gives some interesting information concerning Sitting Bull, the Indian leader at the Custer massacre. It will be remembered that after the massacre of Custer's command, Sitting Bull eventually made his way to the British possessions, where he has been living in security. The correspondent says of him:

The mystery that has hitherto shrouded the person of the great Sioux warrior has been removed. In conversation after dinner with one of the police officers, he said that he was a native of Fort Garry, and an Alumnus of St. John's College there—statements which he himself afterward confirmed. Several old traders who have had a look at him declare that they remember him well as Charlie Jacobs, a half-breed who attended the college in its infancy thirty years ago. This young Jacobs was of Objibway birth, and was a remarkably intelligent lad, with ambition to become a "big Injun." He disappeared from Fort Garry about 1853. When asked by the police officer if he recollected anything about Fort Garry, Sitting Bull laughed heartily, and said he knew the principal people there, among others, Donald A. Smith, the Hudson Bay factor; James Sutherland, and Father Vary, now a missionary at the Sauk. He was also well acquainted with the late James Coss, Chief Justice of the Riel-Lepine Government in 1869-70. Indeed, he says story were kept together. Rose was a half-breed, who, after graduating at St. John's College, went to Toronto University, where he was a gold medalist. Sitting Bull says his father, Henry Jacobs, was at one time employed as interpreter by Father Prouix on Manitoulin Island, but whether the old gentleman is dead or not he does not know. Sitting Bull is thoroughly familiar with French and English, and several Indian languages. He is about forty-two or forty-three years of age, a medium-sized, athletic-built man, of no distinguishing traits beyond those always found in the half-breed. He is an excellent conversationalist, and will talk on every subject but his plans for the future.

Pearls of Thought from the German.

A gentle heart is like ripe fruit, which bends so low that it is at the mercy of every one who chooses to pluck it, while the harder fruit keeps out of reach.

The griefs that circumstances make in our characters we are apt to regard as its native fruits.

The shroud is to man like the covering used by gardeners to protect their plants from sun and rain—it shuts him out from the storms of adversity and the fierce glow of passion.

The sweet accords of melancholy music, seem formed of departed hopes, and melt into each other, and into nothing, like the days of the life of man.

One of the many penalties we pay for longevity, is the loss of those who have been dear to us in our pilgrimage.

The more haste a man makes to unravel a skein of thread the more he entangles it.

Peruvian Syrup Vs. Alcoholic Tonics.

It has been a desideratum with the medical profession to prepare a preparation of iron less objectionable than any of those now in use, which often produce unfavorable effects upon the system, especially when prepared without alcoholic fluids.

In many cases of debility and convalescence from disease, where a tonic is indicated, wine, brandy, porter, etc., have been recommended; but these are of very doubtful efficacy, to say the least. Alcohol is never digested, is ranked among the diffusable stimuli, and is incapable of affording nutrition. It creates generally an unnatural excitement and derangement of the circulation, irritating the whole system by preventing the blood from losing its carbon. Again, how difficult it is to obtain an article approaching to purity, almost all the wines, brandies, porters, etc., being more or less adulterated.

Such being the case with regard to the spirituous preparations of iron, and the alcoholic drinks, of which any one can satisfy himself by investigating the subject, an opportunity is now presented in the Peruvian Syrup, for the trial of an article in general practice, which has the very strongest recommendations from medical and scientific men of the highest character—a preparation which so happily combines the protoxide of iron with the other constituent parts that the effects incident to the use of iron salts are entirely obviated.

For all cases in which iron or any tonic is needed, this preparation is confidently believed to be far superior to any other. It seems to purify the very fountain of health.

Sold by dealers generally.

Physicians of high standing unhesitatingly give their indorsement to the use of the Graefenberg-Marshall's Catholicon for all female complaints. The weak and debilitated find wonderful relief from a constant use of this valuable remedy. Sold by all druggists. $1.50 per bottle. Send for almanac, Graefenberg Co. New York.

Grasshoppers, potato bugs, tramps and traveling agents are the farmer's curse. The last can be avoided by buying direct. Five Ton Wagon Scales are sold at $50 each. On trial, freight prepaid, by Jones, of Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Native	10¾@	13¾
Texas and Cherokee	09½@	12¾
Milch Cows	40 00@	70 00
Hogs—Live	06¾@	06¾
Dressed	08¾@	07¾
Sheep	04¾@	05¾
Lambs	06¾@	08
Cotton—Middling	11¾@	11¾
Flour—Western and Canada	5 25@	6 50
State—Good to Choice	7 00@	9 00
Wheat—Red Western	1 30@	1 41
No. 2 Milwaukee	1 27@	1 29½
Rye—State	82@	87
Barley—Canada	00@	00
Barley Malt	1 01@	1 05
Oats—Mixed Western	37@	45
Corn—Mixed Western	64@	66¾
Hay, per cwt	80@	90
Straw, per cwt	60@	65
Hops	10@	15
Pork—Mess	13 50@	13 75
Lard—City Steam	08¾@	08¾
Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new	25 00@	26 00
" No. 2, new	13 00@	14 00
Dry Cod, per cwt	5 00@	6 00
Herring, Scaled, per box	21@	22
Petroleum—Crude	06¾@06¾	Refined 14¾
Wool—California Fleece	30@	46
Texas "	28@	35
Australian "	44@	49
Butter—State	19@	26
Western—Choice	19@	20
Western—Good to Prime	16@	18
Western—Fireing	12@	14
Cheese—State Factory	10@	13
State Skimmed	07¾@	09¾
Western	09@	13
Eggs—State and Pennsylvania	30@	31

BUFFALO.

Flour	7 75@	9 50
Wheat—No. 1 Milwaukee	1 15@	1 20
Corn—Mixed	49@	53
Oats	36@	39
Rye	80@	84
Barley	82@	88
Barley Malt	1 00@	1 10

PHILADELPHIA.

Beef Cattle—Extra	07@	07¾
Sheep	05@	07
Hogs—Dressed	07¾@	07¾
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	7 00@	7 10
Wheat—Red Western	1 41@	1 42
Rye	84@	86
Corn—Yellow	60@	62
Mixed	59@	60
Oats—Mixed	38@	39
Petroleum—Crude	06¾@06¾	Refined 14¾
Wool—Colorado	28@	30
Texas	24@	32
California	32@	38

BOSTON.

Beef Cattle	04@	08¾
Sheep	06¾@	07¾
Hogs	06@	06
Flour—Wisconsin and Minnesota	7 00@	8 00
Corn—Mixed	46@	47¾
Oats	34@	36
Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania XX	46@	50
California Fall	40@	41

MILWAUKEE MARK.

Beef Cattle	03½@	07½
Sheep	04@	05½
Lambs	06@	06
Hogs	07½@	08

WATERTOWN, MASS.

Beef Cattle—Poor to Choice	6 00@	6 61
Sheep	4 00@	5 00
Lambs	7 00@	8 00

Why "Sitting Bull" Is.

The theory that lack of vigor is the underlying cause of disease is receiving daily confirmation of the most positive kind in the cure of dyspepsia, liver disorders, and kidney, bladder and uterine complaints by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the ruling remedy for maladies attributable to weakness. This superb tonic is never employed without the most beneficial effects. The liver, the bowels, the organs of nutrition, and indeed the entire system acquires both vigor and regularity through its action, since it gives a healthful impetus to every failing function. It is an incomparable specific for chills and fever, and other maladies of a malarial type, prevents their attacks, is a reliable means of counteracting the effects of undue exposure to fatigue, and soothes as well as strengthens the nervous organism.

Delicious Cookery.

The lightest, sweetest, most wholesome and delicious Vienna rolls, tea biscuits, bread, muffins, flannel cakes, crullers, and all articles prepared from flour, are always possible to every table by using Dooler's Yeast Powder. This celebrated baking powder has stood the critical test of the best housekeepers and the consuming public generally of America for twenty years. It is absolutely pure, and always of uniform strength. The genuine is put up in cans. Most all good grocers sell it.

The Cheapest and Best Advertising to reach readers outside of the large cities. Over 1,000 newspapers, divided into six different lists. Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and for other information and for estimates, address Deals & Foster, 41 Park Row (*Times* Building), New York.

CHEW

The Celebrated

"Matchless"

Wood Tag Plug

Tobacco.

THE PIONEER TOBACCO COMPANY,

New York, Boston, and Chicago

Our sale for Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup, for four years past, has been greater than for any similar preparation. WALNO & TRACY, Waverly, N. Y.

If You Are Bilious tone up your liver. Take Quirk's Irish Tea. Sold by druggists at 25 cts. a package.

Established 1854.

FLEISCHMANN & CO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

WINDOW, PICTURE AND PLATE GLASS,

AND GERMAN LOOKING GLASS PLATES,

32 Warren Street, New York.

A SOVEREIGN BALM

Can be found in that great and reliable medicine,

Allen's Lung Balsam,

by the use of which health and happiness can restored to the invalid. Long or Throat disease, such as Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. It cures Cough and Consumption. It stops Croup—and should be kept in the house of every family.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HUNT'S REMEDY THE GREAT KIDNEY MEDICINE

A positive remedy for Bright's and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. Compounded expressly for the above diseases. It has never failed to cure. Every bottle warranted. Send for W. H. Comfort, Providence, R. I., for pamphlet. Sold by druggists. If your druggist don't have it, he will order it for you.

THOMSON'S PATENT GLOVE-FITTING CORSETS.

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